

THE GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Wednesday, Feb. 16th, 1910

VOL. XXXVI, NO. 42

Closing Out Sale!

Our BIG SHOE SALE started Monday with a rush and will continue until we are sold out.

12 dozen pairs of shoes of the latest patent leather, cloth top button shoes for women are now on sale AT A DISCOUNT of from 15 to 25 percent

Ladies' velvet top, patent, button shoes, the latest novelty, at a 15% Discount.

*Nothing Reserved
Walk-Over Shoes for Men
LaFrance Shoes for Women
at Bargain Prices*

Big Discounts on Working Shoes.

A Big Lot of School Shoes Below Cost

DON'T FOLLOW THE CROWD--LEAD IT TO

**The Muir Shoe Co.'s
..Shoe Store..**

BIG MONEY SAVING **SHOE SALE!**

Now in Progress at

Johnson & Hill Co. Shoe Dept.

We offer you the greatest opportunity to buy shoes at a big saving. \$1.00 to \$2.00 saved on a pair of shoes here. All new styles that fit and wear. We offer only First Quality shoes in this sale.

Ladies' and men's \$2.50 and \$3.00 shoes, special lot at \$1.98

Ladies patent, gun metal or vici kid \$3 and \$3.50 shoes at \$2.48

Ladies special lot \$2.00 and \$2.50 shoes, extra values at \$1.48

Men's lace or button \$4.00 shoes now at \$2.98

Misses school shoes light or heavy, regular price \$2.00, any shoe in our stock now at \$1.48

Our \$1.50 and \$1.75 shoes now at \$1.28

Childrens shoes sizes 8 to 11, regular \$1.25 and \$1.50 shoes, at \$98c

Come in and Get Our Prices Before You Buy

**JOHNSON & HILL CO.
SHOE DEPARTMENT**

Deaths.

P. F. Mason died suddenly on Tuesday forenoon at the hospital at Wausau of heart trouble where he was taking treatments. Mr. Mason was born and raised in the town of Saratoga, but left here eighteen years ago, and for the past fourteen years has been a resident of Wausau. Mr. Mason was 48 years of age and was a brother of Garry, James and Mike Mason, Mrs. E. O. Voyer and Miss Lizzie Mason.

The remains were brought here today for burial and the funeral will occur on Thursday forenoon from the Catholic church.

Wm. Kraft

Wm. Kraft of Sigel died at the home of his son-in-law, Louis Macken on Saturday last, death being caused by paralysis.

Decedent was 77 years old and a native of Germany. He came here about three years ago with his son-in-law, who purchased the Havenor farm in the town of Sigel.

The remains were taken to Belvidere, Ill., for burial, the deceased having lived in that city for many years before coming here.

Wm. Bengor

Wm. Bengor, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Bengor of the town of Sigel, died at his home on Friday from typhoid pneumonia.

Decedent had been living at Flint, Mich., when taken sick, and came home two weeks ago, but continued to grow worse until death came.

Decedent was born at Belvidore, Ill., and was 27 years of age at the time of his death. The funeral occurred on Monday from the home in Sigel, Rev. M. B. Milne officiating.

Miss Adella Baker is confined to her home with an attack of appendicitis. Will be here.

Mrs. Theresa Kuntz

Mrs. Theresa Kuntz died at her home in this city, after an illness extending over about a year.

Decedent was one of the old residents of this city, having lived here for a quarter of a century past. She was born in Troy, New York, on the 25th of December, 1849, and was consequently 60 years old. She has made her home in Wisconsin since she was eight years of age. She is survived by eight children, they being Mrs. Carl Olson, Mrs. W. J. Manning, Caroline, Anthony, Gertrude, Arthur and Jennie Kuntz and Mrs. Earl Brennan.

Mrs. Kuntz will be deeply mourned by a large circle of friends and the family have the sympathy of all in their affliction.

The funeral will occur on Thurs-

day morning at ten o'clock from the Catholic church, Rev. Wm. Reding officiating.

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Win From Wausau.

The basket ball team from this city went to Wausau on Friday and played a game with the Wausau high school, the game resulting in a victory for the locals by a score of 32 to 30.

It was no walk away, for at the end of the second half the score stood 30 to 30, and it was decided to play until one side or the other made two points. The play was continued and a foul was called on Wausau. When the local man started to make the free throw the spectators jeered and called to such an extent that the referee called another foul on Wausau and George Smith, who had the ball, made two free throws in succession, winning the game. A double game occurs on Friday evening, when the boys and girls teams from Tomah

will be here.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) A. W. Tressler,
Secretary of the committee.

Grand Rapids Birds Win.

At a special meeting of the Minister's Association of the city, called Friday morning, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted and requested that same be published in our city papers:

WHEREAS: Somehow a report has gained currency, that the ministers of Grand Rapids were in favor of having certain places of amusement open on Sunday. We, the ministers' Association of Grand Rapids, wish hereby to state, that, as far as this association is concerned, this report has no foundation, in fact whatsoever.

The Association stands purely behind all laws of the state and ordinances of the city, in so far as the latter do not themselves conflict with well understood laws, believing this position to be for the highest interests of every community and the duty of every right thinking citizen. The association position on this question, as on all questions related thereto, cannot therefore, be better stated than by citing the laws of 1909, which says in part: "Any person, who shall keep open his shop, warehouse or workhouse or shall do any manner of labor, business or work, except only works of necessity or charity or be present at any dancing or public diversion, show or entertainment or take part in any sport, game or play on the first day of the week shall be punished with * * *".

— Wisconsin statutes, 1898, Sec. 405 as amended, Chap. 309, 1909.

If any provision or part of this law is not approved by the conscience of the majority of the citizens of the state, it ought to be repealed by proper enactment; but as long as it stands on the statute books, it should be respected and enforced, let complete for all law be endangered.

Piano Puzzle Due Bills.

— Bring them to us, no matter by whom issued, and we will show you how you can save money instead of being fooled on the Piano as well as the Credit Due Bill, White Bros., Opera House block.

Band Concert Tomorrow.

The second of the series of concerts by the Grand Rapids band will occur at Daly's Theater tomorrow evening. This concert will differ somewhat from others that have gone before inasmuch as the orchestra will have one part to the program to itself, consisting of three selections. Following is the program:

PART 1—BAND

March—The Monarch, F. L. Piss Selection from Martha, F. V. Flaten

In Lover's Lane,

In Glory of the Yankee Navy, Sons

PART 2—BLISS ORCHESTRA

Medley Overture—Songbirds, Shapito

Hungarian Dance No. 5,

Blind Huat in the Black Forest,

Waelzel Symphonies—Break of Day, Huntsmen's call—Chimes in the distance, Huntsmen's horns in the distance, Huntsmen mount and start, Call to hunt and dismount—Arrive at blacksmith shop,smith at work, Call to assemble—Champagne song—Mount and start again—Howdesevent game, Return home

PART 3—BAND

Medley Overture—Rite of Remembrance

Hits, and B. Laume

Synopsis—Moon bird, I Want

Somebody to Play With, Dublin

Dublin, Dear old, Dear—Dublin, I Won't Tell—I Wish I Had a Girl

My Pony Boy, F. C. Brockhausen

March—The White Wash Man, Jean Schwartz

Ministers Pass Resolutions.

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Signed—

G. A. Melville,

F. M. Milne,

W. A. Newing,

Fred Staff,

G. Madson,

H. Johnson.

Furnished Rooms to Rent.

Two modern furnished rooms with hot water heat, bath and phone, with or without board. Mrs. H. S. Wagner, 631 S. 2nd St.; 26-27.

For the next 10 days we will give the best bargains in watches ever offered in this city. Notice the bargaining in the window. A. P. Hirzy.

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The remains were taken to Belvidere, Ill., for burial, the deceased having lived in that city for many years before coming here.

Wm. Beuger

Wm. Beuger, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Beuger of the town of Sigel, died at his home on Friday from typhoid pneumonia.

Deceased had been living at Flint, Mich., when taken sick, and came home two weeks ago, but continued to grow worse until death came.

Deceased was born at Belvidere, Ill., and was 27 years of age at the time of his death. The funeral occurred on Monday from the home in Sigel, Rev. M. B. Milne officiating.

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Very truly yours,

Says Our Schools are O. K.
The following letter gives the opinion of the visiting committee regarding our public schools and should prove of interest to every person who contributes toward their support:

February 9, 1910.

Mr. C. W. Schwede,
Superintendent of Schools,
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

My dear Mr. Schwede:

Our committee has recommended that the Grand Rapids High school be continued on the accredited list.

The inspectors who visited your school were very much pleased with the organization, management, and general average of the teaching. They found the equipment very good in all respects. The manner in which your school has improved since the present high school building was occupied must be very gratifying to the citizens of Grand Rapids. Your new manual training building is one of the most complete plants in the state, and is certainly an admirable memorial.

It is four years since I saw your school. In that time it has improved in almost every direction,—in material equipment, enrichment of the course of study, and particularly in the quality of work which the students are doing. In view of the detailed report which was made to you at the time of our visit, it does not seem necessary for me to comment more at length at this time.

(Signed) A. W. Tressler,
Secretary of the committee.

Grand Rapids Birds Win.

Wisconsin State Journal.—To Dr. V. P. Norton of Grand Rapids is due the honor of capturing more prizes for the number of birds exhibited than any other competitor at the Wisconsin State Poultry association show just closed at the stock judging pavilion at the university. Among other rewards he was given the silver trophy cup by the Wisconsin Poultry association for best hen of white Plymouth Rocks.

He received the first and second prizes for hens, first, second and third for pullets, first and third for cockerels, and first for entire pen. He also won the silver medal from the American Poultry association for the highest scoring cockerel in the American class and was given a diploma by the same association for the best cockerel. Ribbons were won from the White Plymouth Rock club for best pullet and pen hen cockerel. Dr. Norton has been a breeder for 12 years. He had ten birds in the exhibit. In his home coops there are about 150 birds.

While in Madison Dr. Norton was the guest of Prof. and Mrs. A. S. Alexander, 811 Spaight street, and Dr. J. Q. Smith, 138 East Wilson street. Thursday evening Dr. Norton gave an address before the members of the short course on "The Best Type of Plymouth Rock to Breed".

Piano Puzzle Due Bills.

—Bring them to us, no matter by whom issued, and we will show you how you can save money instead of being fooled on the Piano as well as the Credit Due Bill. White Bros., Opera House block.

If any provision or part of this law is not approved by the conscience of the majority of the citizens of the state, it ought to be repealed by proper enactment; but as long as it stands on the statute book, it should be respected and enforced, lest contempt for all law be engendered.

Signed—

O. A. Meilcke,
F. M. Milne,
W. A. Nowing,
Fred Staff,
C. Madson,
H. Johnson.

Wood County Teachers' Institutes.

Teachers' institutes will be held as follows:

Pittsville, Feb. 25 and 26.
Marshallfield, March 4 and 5.
Grand Rapids, April 11 and 12.

President Sims and Institute Conductor F. S. Hyer of the Stevens Point Normal school and Principal M. H. Jackson of the Wood County Training school will be the conductors.

School boards are requested to give the teachers Friday to attend institute. Every teacher in the county is expected to attend one of these institutes.

Teachers' Examinations.

Teachers' examinations will be held as follows:

Grand Rapids—March 21, 22 and 23.

Pittsville—March 24, 25 and 26.
Marshallfield—March 29 and 30.

Dated at Arpin, February 9, 1910.

ROBERT MORRIS,

Co. Supt. of Schools.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

Ladies Frank, Addie Scharbano,
Mrs. Clara.

Gentlemen, Baumbarten, E. O.;
John, Will; Peterson, Theodore;
card; Perry, F. J.; card; Basano,
Joe, foreign; Szczecinski, Pal; Sniger,
G.; Thewen, Henry; Wilson, D. A.;
card.

University Glee Club Coming.

The University of Wisconsin Glee, Mandolin and Banjo clubs will appear at the opera house in this city under the auspices of the east side ladies aid society of the Congregational church. The club is reported to be first class in every respect.

H. S. Wagner has purchased the L. Kramer residence from the Congregational people paying \$210.00 therefor. He will move the house onto some property owned by him on Second street and fix it up for residential purposes.

B. G. Egger has purchased from the Robert Farris estate the home on High street. The place is ideally situated for a residence and Mr. Egger expects to occupy the place with his family.

See or Write Us.

WOOD COUNTY BANK BUILDING

Government Exposing Swindle.

The Department of State at Washington is sending out a circular to newspapers exposing the so-called Spanish Swindle.

This is worked by parties living in Spain and they write to some party in the United States and represent that they are a distant relative. The distant relative has a fortune but he is in jail and cannot make use of it and they want the American to help them out, and he is to get the fortune, a large share of it. The scheme is worked so smoothly that many an American is caught by the game and sends money to help the thing along, and that is the last he hears of the matter.

Swindlers have been working the scheme for twenty years or more, and still there are victims that swallow the bait. It is pretty hard to land the criminals for under the Spanish law a felony must be committed before the police may act, and a mere attempt to obtain money under false pretenses does not appear to warrant arrest. The money must be actually paid over, otherwise prosecution would be useless.

Tested a Burglar Alarm.

A. L. Hutchinson of Weyauwega was in the city last Thursday and gave a demonstration of a chemical anti-burglar device. The arrangement is so constructed that when the burglar attempts to enter the room or vault the bottle in which the chemical is contained is broken and fumes are generated that are so powerful that it is impossible for a human being to remain in the room.

A demonstration was given in the Harvey Hotel on Thursday to a number of our bankers and others, and the device seemed to work all right. Whether it will be adopted by bankers will depend largely on the individual taste of the man who is the owner of the bank, as there are many automatic devices for the protection of banks and other places where it is desirable to exclude burglars.

Is a Speedy Animal.

The Madison Democrat has the following to say concerning the horse recently purchased by Dr. Norton:

G. J. Barker has leased to Dr. V. P. Norton of Grand Rapids, his fast pacer stallion, Jasper Red, 33175, Record, 2:39 1/4, third heat, in a race and trials at 2:35 1/4, halves in 1:06.

The horsemen of Madison are all familiar with the great speed of this horse, as he has paced some of fastest heats ever driven on the half mile straight away on the ice. We regret to see this valuable horse leave Madison, but predict for him a successful career in his new home.

The doctor is to be congratulated, while Jasper will be greatly missed by the horsemen of Madison.

Have Opened a Piano Store.

Dell and Jess White of Stevens Point have leased the vacant store building in the front of Daily's theater and placed therein a stock of pianos and they will show the people of Grand Rapids what they have in the musical line by calling at the new store. They have some very fine specimens of workmanship among the samples on hand, being of the Bush & Lane make.

Odd Fellows Meeting.

Enterprise Encampment No. 44, I. O. O. F., meets Thursday, February 17th. All members are requested to be present, as there will be work in the several degrees.

Furnished Rooms to Rent.

Two modern furnished rooms with hot water heat, bath and phone, with or without board. Mrs. H. B. Wagner, 634 S. 2nd St.—21 pl.

Notice.

—For the next 10 days we will give the best bargains in watches ever offered in this city. Notice the bargains in the window. A. P. Hiray.

—Tandy the acting bear with Moonshiner's Daughter, Friday.



ESTABLISHED 1860

GEO. N. WOOD

GRAND RAPIDS

County Seat of Wood County, Wisconsin

**REAL ESTATE
and INSURANCE.**

Prosperous manufacturing town of 7,000 people and growing rapidly. 4 railroads, eight miles electric street cars. Valuable improved water powers.

IF YOU WISH

TO BUY LANDS OR LOTS
TO SELL LANDS OR LOTS
TO BORROW MONEY
TO LOAN MONEY
TO BUY A GOOD MORTGAGE
TO SELL A SLOW MORTGAGE
TO RENT A HOUSE
TO INSURE YOUR PROPERTY

IN THE NORTHWESTERN of Milwaukee
See or Write Us.

WOOD COUNTY BANK BUILDING

HENIEMAN MERCANTILE CO.

**Superior Values In
Undermuslins**

A special purchase in undermuslins make possible very tempting prices in this line.

EXTRA SPECIAL

Hemstitched gowns at 39c

Muslin drawers, umbrella style, hemstitched ruffle at 25c

Corset Covers, tight fitting, neatly trimmed at 10c

Ladies' short petticoats, hemstitched, made of fine Cambric at 25c

Ladies' long petticoats, neatly trimmed, full flounce only 39c</

APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY

BY PROF. STEPHEN SHELDON COLVIN

PSYCHOLOGY, the newest of all the sciences has been discovering and relating its principles during the last quarter of a century. It has by no means found all of its facts, and is far from a complete interpretation of those which it has discovered. Nevertheless there are some things that it has worked out with absolute certainty and



THE PLAYERS REMEMBER THIS GAME IN TERMS OF THE MOVEMENTS THEY MADE

many others concerning which it is in a position to make definite hypotheses. The time has now arrived when it is attempting to apply its facts and principles to the solution of some of the most important problems of our daily life.

It is a matter of common knowledge that during the last few years there has been an ever growing attempt to cure diseases, both of the mind and of the body, through the tremendous power of suggestion. Prof. Munsterberg, in this country and others abroad, through experiments and practical applications, have conclusively shown that our knowledge of the laws of mind may be used to relieve human ills of some of its greatest. Probably no discovery in physical science promises to be of as great and lasting benefit to the world as the discovery of the power of suggestion as a law governing a large part of the life of every individual. This time is soon coming when no reputable physician will dare to practice medicine without some knowledge of the facts of psycho-therapeutics.

Recently, and very largely under the leadership of Prof. Stern, of the University of Dresden, extensive investigations have been carried on in regard to the psychology of testimony. These investigations have thrown important light upon a vital phase of court procedure and have shown its great weakness in many particulars. Soon this new field of applied psychology will be able to lay down definite laws in the conduct of the examination of the witness. The time is not, probably, far distant when every court will have some officer attached to it who is an expert in the psychology of testimony and who will be able to correct many misunderstandings that are now current in regard to the essential elements of the witness' report and the extent of

service to the state in which it is situated and to which it owes its support. It should be able to show how the scientific work of the laboratory can be applied to the bettering of human conditions.

The agricultural and the engineering experiment station at the university have been attempting to give the practical men of the state information in regard to the best means of preventing wastes and of obtaining the greatest efficiency in the various fields of their endeavor. A similar attempt is being made by the department of psychology of the university to show to the schoolmen of the state how they can save time and how they can so regulate the environment of the school as to get the greatest results with the least possible expenditure of energy.

All knowledge is based fundamentally upon memory and it is quite obvious that if the most economical methods of learning are discovered and applied tremendous wastes in the schoolroom will be saved. It is a striking fact that most students who come to the university do not know how to properly memorize their material. They lose a very large amount of time that might be saved greatly to their advantage, if they had the simple knowledge of how to go about their work before them. What is true of the university student is undoubtedly true even to a greater degree of the pupils in the public schools. It is clear that if the teachers know what was the best method by which the pupil could memorize a certain material and could train that pupil in such methods of memory highly beneficial results would be accomplished.

Working along this line, some years ago the department of psychology at Illinois instituted a series of experiments to determine as far as possible the exact facts concerning what is technically known as the identical type of school children and the relation of these types to the memorizing of different kinds of material.

By the identical type the psychologist understands the sort of mental imagery in which a person thinks—for example, if a child recalls in imagination a bird he may do so by having a mental picture of the bird as visible object or he may recall the bird in terms of the song that it sings. It is further possible that he may not, in thinking of the bird, see it mentally or recall its song, but that he may merely see the word, bird, written or hear it spoken, or attempt to pronounce it himself.

If he actually sees the bird in his mind's eye he is said to have concrete visual imagery. If he hears the song that it sings, he is said to have concrete auditory imagery. It is clear that if the teacher knows what was the best method by which the pupil could memorize a certain material and could train that pupil in such methods of memory highly beneficial results would be accomplished.

We cannot think for a moment of demanding the same sort of thing from the child whose eyesight is poor that we demand from the child of normal visual acuity. It is just as foolish to expect the child who is defective in a certain identical type to do the work of a normal child as it is to expect the child who is defective in his visual sensibility to accomplish the same results under the same conditions that the child of normal sensibility accomplishes.

Another important problem which has been undertaken by the psychological laboratory at the university is to discover the most advantageous conditions, besides those relating to the identical type, under which certain kinds of school material may be memorized. At the outset of such an investigation the psychologist is confronted with the difficulty of selecting the sort of material for memorizing which will be sufficiently uniform to be tried on many children and on the same child at various times. It is quite evident that if we use the ordinary materials of the schoolroom, such as the child has had in his reading, geography and history room, that this material will not be of the uniformity desired. It was to avoid this difficulty that the psychologist, Ebbinghaus, nearly 26 years ago, tried a memory experiment, in which he used for material nonsense syllables, that is, certain syllables which could be pronounced and which yet had no significance; syllables, for example, like ace-doz-box. Here we have a relatively uniform material that has, for the most part, little or no significance.

Using this kind of material, several thousand school

secret of the marvelous expansion of the use of the English tongue. This is the age of commerce, and there is a directness in our language that is found in no other; and candor is the soul of all legitimate trade.

An accomplished linguist made remarks that if he could count his lady love he would speak the Italian, when praying to God he would employ the Spanish, when conversing with friends he would use French, and when making a trade there was nothing like the English. An that is the

language of more than half of the then existing Caucasian race upon the advent of the twenty-first century.

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APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY

BY PROF. STEPHEN SHELDON COLVIN

PSYCHOLOGY, the newest of all the sciences, has been discovering and relating its principles during the last quarter of a century. It has by no means found all of its facts and is far from a complete interpretation of those which it has discovered. Nevertheless there are some things that it has worked out with absolute certainty and

many others concerning which it is in a position to make definite hypotheses. The time has now arrived when it is attempting to apply its facts and principles to the solution of some of the most important problems of our daily life.

It is a matter of common knowledge that during the last few years there has been an ever-growing attempt to cure diseases, both of the mind and of the body, through the tremendous power of suggestion. Prof. Munsterberg, in this country and others abroad, through experiments and practical applications, have conclusively shown that our knowledge of the laws of mind may be used to relieve human life of some of its greatest ills. Probably no otherway in physical science promises to be of as great and lasting benefit to the world as the discovery of the power of suggestion as a law governing a large part of the life of every individual. The time is soon coming when no reputable physician will dare to practice medicine without some knowledge of the facts of psycho-therapeutics.

Recently, and very largely under the leadership of Prof. William Stern, of the University of Breslau, extensive investigations have been carried on in regard to the psychology of testimony. These investigations have thrown important light upon a vital phase of court procedure and have shown its great worthiness, in many particulars. Soon a new field of applied psychology will be able to lay down definite laws in the conduct of the examination of the witness. The time is not, probably, far distant when every court will have some officer attached to it who is an expert in the psychology of testimony and who will be able to correct many misunderstandings that are now current in regard to the essential elements of the witness' report and the extent of his belief.

In Zurich Dr. Jung has devised a method for discovering some of the most important facts in regard to the mental makeup of an individual. This procedure he calls the "diagnostic association's method." He gives to the subject to be tested, in succession, a list of 100 words, to which the subject is to respond with the first association that comes into his mind after the presentation of the original word. The character of the associations formed and the time which intervenes between the presentation of the stimulus word and the response are important elements in diagnosing the mental condition of the individual and in discovering essential facts in his previous history. This method has been used with marked success in the discovery of crime and it promises to be of great importance in the diagnosis of nervous diseases and in the detection of the criminal.

While the application of psychology to the treatment of diseases, to the discovery of truth and to the detection of the criminal is tremendously important, another field of its application, while less spectacular and while not calculated to excite immediately so great popular interest, promises to be of more far-reaching consequence in the regulation of our daily life. This last-named field is in the psychology of learning and applies to the work of our entire school system, from the kindergarten through the university. The leader in this movement is Prof. Meumann, of the University of Halle. During the last decade Meumann and his pupils have been attempting to discover the most direct and economical methods of the acquisition of knowledge and a large amount of material has been brought together, many facts have been established and conclusions drawn of practical value obtained. It is in this phase of the work of applied psychology that the University of Illinois is particularly interested. For the last few years experiments have been carried on under the direction of the psychological laboratory at Illinois, in regard to determining some of the most important facts concerning memory and kindred topics, the thought being that if the department of psychology were to be of maximum

service to the state in which it is situated and to which it owes its support, it should be able to show how the theoretical work of the laboratory can be applied to the bettering of human conditions.

The agricultural and the engineering experiment stations at the university have been attempting to give the practical men of the state information in regard to the best means of preventing wastes and of obtaining the greatest efficiency in the various fields of their endeavor.

A similar attempt is being made by the department of psychology of the university to show to the schoolmen of the state how they can save time and how they can

regulate the environment of the school as to get the greatest results with the least possible expenditure of energy.

All knowledge is based fundamentally upon memory and it is quite obvious that if the most economical methods of learning are discovered and applied tremendous wastes in the schools will be saved. It is a striking fact that most students who come to the university do not know how to properly memorize their material. They lose a very large amount of time that might be saved greatly to their advantage if they had the simple knowledge of how to go about their work before them. What is true of the university student is undoubtedly true even to a greater degree of the pupils in the public schools. It is clear that if the teachers knew what was done, they would not have developed the type of verbal-visual imagery. The printed word fails to carry its proper significance. Such a child, obviously, must be treated differently from the average individual. In the first place, he may be helped in his reading by being instructed to spell and pronounce words. The method of showing him words and having him grasp them as visual signs will be a hopeless method of procedure in his case. Further, the child may be aided by a systematic attempt to strengthen his verbal-visual imagery. There is ample evidence that children can be trained in any type of imagery and it is the business of education to see that those who are defective in an essential type are trained to overcome this defect.

The experiments further showed that those children who thought in visual terms were best able to memorize material with a visual content and that those who thought in auditory or motor terms were best able to learn material with an auditory or motor content. This, of course, means as far as the application of results to school work is concerned that the material which the child learns must be in some way adapted to his idealistic type, if the best results are to be accomplished.

This, perhaps, is not so vital a fact with the average child who has many ways, it may be, in which he can imagine his experience, but there are always in every schoolroom numbers of exceptional children who are very slow to get on in certain fields and who, nevertheless, are far from being mentally defective. To take a concrete illustration, there are children who have great difficulty in learning to read and yet who are often bright in other school subjects. It is probable that such children have not developed the type of verbal-visual imagery. The printed word fails to carry its proper significance. Such a child, obviously, must be treated differently from the average individual. In the first place, he may be helped in his reading by being instructed to spell and pronounce words. The method of showing him words and having him grasp them as visual signs will be a hopeless method of procedure in his case. Further, the child may be aided by a systematic attempt to strengthen his verbal-visual imagery. There is ample evidence that children can be trained in any type of imagery and it is the business of education to see that those who are defective in an essential type are trained to overcome this defect.

In considering the first of these problems it may be said that results at Illinois clearly point to the fact that the method of teaching children to spell by giving the word as a whole and not breaking it up into syllables is not the psychological method and that the old method of syllabification with some of its obvious faults had distinctly advantages over some of the extreme methods of to-day.

Propos the second problem it is clearly established by experiments at Illinois that there is great advantage in not spending the entire period of learning on studying the material presented, but that it is of very great advantage to spend part of this time in attempting to recall what has been shown. Train the pupil to look at the page that he is trying to memorize for a period and then to turn his eyes away and in his mind's eye recall the printed matter.

It is generally held by investigators that the best method of memorizing is to learn the material by commencing at the beginning and running through the whole process to the end. The Illinois experiments brought out this fact, that in such consecutive learning there are certain parts that are mastered more quickly than others and that it is advantageous to first go over the whole material consecutively until the more easily acquired material is mastered and then to spend some time in learning those parts that are more difficult and to finally review the whole consecutively.

Now, in attempting to answer the fourth question, experiments have been carried on at Illinois which show rather clearly that the most advantageous way to present material to little children is visually and in succession. The reason for this, in part at least, is because successive presentation requires better attention than simultaneous presentation and that the word when seen especially if it is difficult, can be better comprehended than if it is merely heard.

The foregoing account gives a statement of some of the most typical and important experimental investigations now in progress in the psychological laboratory at the University of Illinois. As has already been said, the main emphasis is being placed upon the psychology of learning more specifically upon technique and economy in our processes of education. At the same time ample scope is given for the theoretical aspects of the subject so that the field in a general way may be covered and that those who wish to obtain higher degrees in the subject may find ample opportunity for research in the direction which interests them most.

Using this kind of material, several thousand school

children in Urbana, Champaign, Bloomington, Danville and in some of the normal schools of the state have been tested to determine certain conditions under which they learn most advantageously. One of the questions asked in these investigations has been this: Suppose the child is given something to learn and is asked to recall it later on, under what conditions during the interval between learning and recall will his memory be most retentive? The data obtained has been extensive that it has not been completely worked over as yet. Some very interesting conclusions, however, have been reached—among these this, that writing serves as a great distraction and that the child can recall material better when the interval is filled with such a strenuous activity as number work, than when it is filled with the writing of some familiar phrase, as "My Country 'tis of Thee." The greater distracting tendency of writing than of other school occupations shows itself particularly in the lower grades. It has also been found out that when young children are required to learn by keeping perfectly still they are at a disadvantage. If you wish to have the child learn under the most disadvantageous conditions, require that child to keep perfectly still.

The experiments at the University of Illinois clearly show that oral composition is the most satisfactory method of developing real power of expression in young children.

If it is finally determined that the interval between learning and recall can be most advantageously filled, then the arrangement of the school program of studies can be worked out on a psychological basis and not on the more or less haphazard basis which seems to be the present plan.

Among other problems in this field of applied psychology which the department has undertaken or proposes to carry out in the near future may be mentioned the following:

1. What are some of the most advantageous conditions of learning to spell correctly?

2. In learning, is it better to give all of the time to a study of the subject matter to be learned, or is it better to devote a portion of the time in the attempt to recall material that has already been mastered?

3. Is it better in learning, to attempt to memorize the material by commencing at the beginning and running through to the end consecutively and by repeating this process until the whole has been mastered or is it better to learn a part and then another part, and so on?

4. What method of presentation is more advantageous in learning? By this is meant, specifically, is it better to present to the child material to learn orally or visually, and is it better to present the material simultaneously or successively—that is, should the whole thing that he is to learn be given at once or is he to study one part and then the next and so on?

These experiments further showed that those children who thought in visual terms were best able to memorize material with a visual content and that those who thought in auditory or motor terms were best able to learn material with an auditory or motor content. This, of course, means as far as the application of results to school work is concerned that the material which the child learns must be in some way adapted to his idealistic type, if the best results are to be accomplished.

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HIGH PRICES ARE CAUSE OF WORRY

Many Congressmen Fear Their Seats Will Be Endangered By Dissatisfaction

FAVOR BROAD INVESTIGATION

Democrats Discuss Harmon, Marshall and Gaynor for Presidential Nomination—Numerous Candidates for Speaker Cannon's Place.

Washington—Many of the Republican members of congress, especially those of the lower house, who fear that their seats may be endangered at the coming election, are in favor of having a wide spread investigation into the cause of the high prices of the necessities of life that shall take in the entire country. It is possible that under the scope of the resolution introduced into the Senate by Senator Elkins the inquiry which many of the republicans desire may be undertaken.

The Republicans realize that Gov. Harmon has a good deal of strength in Ohio, which is Taft's state. One Democrat said, "Harmon can carry Ohio." Another Democrat instantly answered, "Marshall can carry Indiana and Ohio too," and another Democrat, not to be outdone, said, "Taft can carry Indiana, Ohio and Missouri."

Many Seek Speakership. Who will be the next Speaker of the House of Representatives? Matters have moved along so rapidly in one direction that most of the close friends of Speaker Cannon in the House did not think the chances are before long he will come out with a statement to the effect that he is not to be considered as a candidate for reelection to succeed himself in the office that generally is accredited with having more power attached to it than any other office except that of president of the United States.

The number of men who would like to be Speaker is perhaps limited only by the membership of the House. There are comparatively few members, however, who by length of service and by known and known ability have the right, without exciting either smile or criticism, to announce their candidacy for the high honor.

Cheke Sam Is Looking Into the Matter, as It Relates Specifically to the District of Columbia, over which he has full legal control. The committee that is probing into the reasons for the high prices of food in the District is getting much material that relates to the rest of the country, and it is possible that this one investigation will do much of the work that the Republicans, who bear a loss of their seats, think ought to be done.

Representative J. Hampton Moore of Pennsylvania and six fellow members of the house committee of the District of Columbia are still hard at the task of trying to find out what it is that makes everything that a man wants to eat and to wear, cost so much in those United States. Mr. Moore is a protectionist of protectionists and naturally he hopes it will be proved that the tariff has nothing to do with the present high prices. He seems to be full of confidence that such will be the case, but the Democratic members of the committee who are looking into the subject believe that when they get through they will have material which can be used to the advantage of the Democratic party in its contention that the high tariff makes high prices without a corresponding increase in salaries and wages.

President Deeply Interested.

There is a deep interest felt by President Taft in the investigation now in progress. The opening day of the inquiry in the committee room of the house of representatives was the same day that saw the beginning of the investigation into the activities of the meat packers in Chicago. The latter investigation is a grand jury affair, but it is possible that when all the returns are in that the evidence adduced in Chicago will be of service to the members of congress who are trying to get at the facts. By the time the sub committee is ready to report, the public will have pretty full knowledge of the testimony of the witnesses that have appeared before it, and the country probably will have made up its mind as to the facts in the case and will not be moved from a decision by the report which the committee turns in.

Some of the representatives in congress, Democrats as well as Republicans, think that the whole thing will resolve itself into a case of statements and counterstatements by the producers, the middle men and the packers and manufacturers. If the congressional committee can get the truth of the case the country probably will be glad of it, provided a remedy can be applied. There are those in Washington who say, however, that the whole investigation will be futile.

Democrats Eye White House. Gov. Judson Harmon of Ohio, who will try to succeed himself in the chief office of his state, has said that he will do nothing to further any presidential ambition which he may have until after he knows whether the Ohioans like him well enough to re-elect him as their chief executive.

In this way the governor has tried to take himself out of the immediate field of presidential speculation, but the Democrats in Washington will not be swayed. The numbers of the present minority party in congress seem to feel perfectly sure that they are to control the next house of representatives. The Republicans naturally laugh at this claim and say that the Democrats are simply in the same old hopeful mood and that hope is all that they will get out of it. The Democrats retort with the statement that the majority of the people of the country do not like the tariff bill and that they are blaming it for the high price of living and that it will be more kindly disposed toward the insurgent ranks than Mr. Cannon has been.

Most of the real insurgents, those who have been insurgents through good weather and bad, come from west of the great river. They are too few in number to hope to elect one of their own kind as Speaker of the next House and they see little chance of enough insurgent gate in the east to overcome the majority which the regulars now hold, and which they seem likely to hold in a depicted form during the next congress. It is the hope of the insurgents, as they express it openly, that some middle westerner may be chosen who is neither a hide-bound man nor a speaker whose election will be something in the nature of a compromise and who of necessity will be more kindly disposed toward the insurgent ranks than Mr. Cannon has been.

Of course in casting about for candidates for the speakership the Republicans are taking for granted a victory at the polls next November. They admit that they will have a hard fight on their hands, and that they will be obliged to defend the tariff bill against the violent assaults of the Democratic enemy. The Democrats are as cheerful over the prospect of the November elections that already they see Champ Clark in Joseph G. Cannon's seat, and looking a little bit beyond this, some of them see the Missouri representative in the field as a strong candidate for his party's nomination for the presidency.

BOASTS VALUE OF STATE RAILROADS

State Commission Adds Nearly \$10,000,000 to Assessment.

MUST PAY \$50,000 MORE

Final Valuations of Assessments for 1910 is Placed at \$284,066,000—Taxes to Be Levied Aggregate \$3,166,561.64.

Madison.—The abstract of valuations of property assessments of the railroads in Wisconsin and in taxes levied thereon, issued by the state tax commission, shows a substantial increase in taxes over last year. The amount of total valuations of assessments in 1910 is \$284,066,000 as against \$274,018,000 in 1909. Taxes to be levied in 1910 aggregate \$3,166,561.64 as compared with \$3,142,896.73 for 1909. The increase this year over the amount of taxes collected from the railroads last year is nearly \$54,000.

The following shows the taxes to be collected from the larger railroads in the state:

Chicago & Northwestern, \$1,024,014.14;	Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, \$16,738.53;	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, \$999,284.74;	Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, \$134,527.84;
Great Northern, \$56,649.91;	Green Bay & Western, \$25,038.45;	Minneapolis, St. Paul & St. Louis, \$21,309.95;	Wisconsin Central, \$226,343.82.
The taxes on the Chicago & Lake Superior Railroad Company, 600 miles long, a line running between two points within Dane county, is \$56.27.			

Campaign for Pure Milk.

The proper handling of milk for direct consumption and for making butter and cheese will be discussed before 2,000 farmers, dairymen and cheese factory operators and managers in a special ten-day farmers' course at the University of Wisconsin, February 8-18.

The problem of tuberculosis, the ventilation of dairy barns, the feeding of dairy cattle, and the sanitary and economical production of milk are among the important subjects to be considered. The tuberculin test is to be demonstrated, and post-mortem examinations of tuberculous dairy cows will be made to show the ravages of disease in these milk producers.

The effects of human tuberculosis and its possible relation to the bovine disease will be shown by the speaker to the students of the university, a special exhibit of the ravages of the white plague which has been prepared by the state university extension division.

How to Keep Down Grocery Bill.

The grocery bill and how to keep it down to a proper proportion of the income will be discussed by Miss Anna Barrows of the home economics department of Columbia University, New York, at the five days' women's course given for the housewives of Wisconsin at the University of Wisconsin, February 8-12.

Demonstrations on the selection of food, well-balanced rations, and the value of meals without meat will also be considered by Miss Barrows, a recognized authority on the subject.

The five days' woman's course will consider home-making, the care and feeding of children, house decoration and furnishing, textiles and foods. It is open to women in the state without tuition or fees of any kind.

Big Contract to Gimbel's.

The order for furnishing and decorating Lathrop hall, the new woman's clubhouse and gymnasium at the University of Wisconsin, has been placed with Gimbel Brothers, Milwaukee, the lowest bidders of the five firms invited to bid. The furnishings and decorations, which were designed by supervising Architect Arthur Peabody of the university will produce an artistic and harmonious ensemble. The furniture is plain, but substantial in character, and the wall decorations and hangings have been designed with reference to the general style of the building.

New Biology Building.

The regents have decided to locate the new biology building between University hall and South hall, at the south end of the court of honor provided for by the plans of the greater university. As the original arrangement of the campus provided for the biology building in the ravine between University and Observatory hills, and as the plans were drawn with reference to that location, the regents authorized Supervising Architect Arthur Peabody, in co-operation with Consulting Architect Jarvis Hunt, Chicago, to draw new plans suited to the new location.

Six Professors to Study.

Six professors at the university have been granted leaves of absence for the second semester.

Prof. J. A. Fuller, agricultural school, will do research work in Scotland, England and the continent. Prof. E. A. Ross will study economic conditions in China. Prof. Paul S. Reinhart of the political economy department will complete statistics in Madison. Prof. J. Jastrow, philosophy department, will lecture at Columbia university, New York. Profs. E. C. Rodder and A. L. Dennis will study in Europe.

Railroads Are Paying Taxes.

The payment of \$50,000 in railroad taxes to the state treasurer will make it possible for some bill and clause that were temporarily held up to be paid.

At last he reached the study of the prince, who said that as an old friend he had asked him to a tête-à-tête dinner, and ordered his major domo to serve. A Brazier was placed in the middle of the room with a tripod fit on it, on which stood a frying pan. Imperial Prince of Francavilla, etc., had immense estates and lived in royal state at Manduria in days gone by; they had their own bodyguard, which more than once crossed swords with the king's troops. The Imperial he knew must have been a humorous man, as the following anecdote will show. At Naples Prince Filomarino asked him to dinner, and dined after dish was passed upon the guest with exact information as to what each had cost. Before leaving Imperial invited his host to dine with him in ten days' time. Thinking it would be a magnificent banquet, Prince Filomarino went in a coach and four with vol-

ant (grinning footmen with torches). Surprised at not finding the great staircase illuminated, he was more astonished to see but one small lamp in the rooms he passed through.

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We made an expedition to Manduria to see the cyclopean walls and Pithys' well. In the square we passed the great unfinished palace of the Prince of Francavilla, which was to have had many rooms as there are days in leap year. Sir James said that the Imperial Prince of Francavilla, etc., had immense estates and lived in royal state at Manduria in days gone by; they had their own bodyguard, which more than once crossed swords with the king's troops. The Imperial he knew must have been a humorous man, as the following anecdote will show. At Naples Prince Filomarino asked him to dinner, and dined after dish was passed upon the guest with exact information as to what each had cost. Before leaving Imperial invited his host to dine with him in ten days' time. Thinking it would be a magnificent banquet, Prince Filomarino went in a coach and four with vol-

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Uncle Sam is looking into the matter, as it relates specifically to the District of Columbia, over which he has full legal control. The committee that is probing into the reasons for the high prices of food in the District is getting much material that relates to the rest of the country, and it is possible that this one investigation will do much of the work that the Republicans who fear a loss of their seats, think ought to be done.

Representative J. Hampton Moore of Pennsylvania and six fellow members of the house committee of the District of Columbia are still hard at the task of trying to find out what it is that makes everything that a man wants to eat and to wear cost so much in these United States. Mr. Moore is a protectionist of protectionists and naturally he hopes it will be proved that the tariff does nothing to do with the present high prices. He seems to be full of confidence that such will be the case, but the Democratic members of the committee who are looking into the subject believe that when they get through they will have material which can be used to the advantage of the Democratic party in its contention that the high tariff makes high prices without a corresponding increase in salaries and wages.

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In this way the governor has tried to take himself out of the immediate field of presidential speculation, but the Democrats in Washington will not so save it. The members of the present minority party in congress seem to feel perfectly sure that they are to control the next house of representatives. The Republicans naturally laugh at this claim and say that the Democrats are simple in the same old hopeful mood and that hope is all that they will get out of it. The Democrats, retaining with the statement that the majority of the people of the country do not like the tariff bill and that they are blaming it for the high price of living and that on the strength of these two issues alone the Democracy is to come into power in the lower house in the Sixty-second congress.

The Democrats are talking about Gov. Harmon and about Gov. Marshall of Indiana and Mayor Gaynor of New York, and last, but perhaps, or probably (as you like), not least, William Jennings Bryan of Nebraska. It is the seeming certainty of the Democrats that they are to carry the next house of representatives that makes them today so active in their gossip about the party's nominee for the presidency, and so Gov. Harmon's desire to be left out of consideration until after he has shown that he can carry Ohio again is not being heeded.

George Clinton.

BOOSTS VALUE OF STATE RAILROADS

State Commission Adds Nearly \$10,000,000 to Assessment.

MUST PAY \$50,000 MORE

Final Valuations of Assessments for 1910 to Place at \$224,066,000—Taxes to Be Levied Against \$3,196,661.64.

Madison.—The abstract of valuations of property assessments of the railroads in Wisconsin and in taxes levied thereon, issued by the state tax commission, shows a substantial increase in taxes over last year. The amount of final valuations of assessments in 1910 is \$224,066,000, an aggregate \$274,000 more than in 1909. Taxes to be levied in 1910 aggregate \$3,196,661.64 as compared with \$2,142,886.78 for 1909. The increase this year over the amount of taxes collected from the railroads last year is nearly \$64,000.

The following shows the taxes to be collected from the larger railroads in the state:

Chicago & Northwestern, \$1,024,044.44;	Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, \$1,628,703.53;	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, \$930,284.74;	Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, \$14,587.94;
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The order for furnishing and decorating Lathrop hall, the new woman's clubhouse and gymnasium at the University of Wisconsin, has been placed with Gimbel Brothers, Milwaukee, the lowest bidders of the five firms invited to bid. The furnishings and decorations, which were designed by Supervising Architect Arthur Peabody of the university will produce an artistic and harmonious ensemble. The furniture is plain, but substantial in character, and the wall decorations and hangings have been designed with reference to the general style of the building.

New Biology Building.

The regents have decided to locate the new biology building between University hall and South hall, at the south end of the court of honor provided for by the plans of the greater university. As the original arrangement of the campus provided for the biology building in the ravine between University and Observatory hills, and the new building is to be located in the east of the Mississippi river have stood consistently in the ranks of the regulars and in support of the rule of Speaker Cannon. The eastern representatives in the main have been "arrogant," although Representative Augustus Peabody Gardner of Massachusetts, son-in-law of Henry Cabot Lodge, has been as much of an insurgent as was Victor Murphy of Kansas, who ordinarily is looked upon as the chief of the "rebellious forces."

Most of the real insurgents, those who have been insurgents through good weather and bad, come from west of the great river. They are too few in number to hope to elect one of their own kind as Speaker of the next house and they see little chance of enough insurgent gain in the east to overcome the majority which the regulars now hold, and which they seem likely to hold in a depleted form during the next congress. It is the hope of the insurgents, as they express it openly, that some middle westerner may be chosen who is neither a hide-bound man as Speaker whose election will be something in the nature of a compromise and who of necessity will be more kindly disposed toward the insurgent ranks than Mr. Cannon has been.

Of course in casting about for candidates for the speakership the Republicans are taking for granted a victory at the polls next November. They admit that they will have a hard fight on their hands, and that they will be obliged to defend the tariff bill against the violent assaults of the Democratic enemy. The Democrats are so cheerful over the prospect of the November elections that already they see Champ Clark in Joseph G. Cannon's seat, and, looking a little bit beyond this, some of them see the Missouri representative in the field as a strong candidate for his party's nomination for the presidency.

GEORGE CLINTON.

Railroads Are Paying Taxes.

The payment of \$50,000 in railroad taxes to the state treasurer will make it possible for some bills and claims that were temporarily held up to be paid in the rooms he passed through.

At last he reached the study of the prince, who said that as an old friend he had asked him to a tête-à-tête dinner, and ordered his maid to come to serve. A brasier was placed in the middle of the room with a tripod on it, on which stood a frying pan. Imperial invited his guest to help him make a frittata or omelette, and breaking an egg, he took a banknote of 1,000 ducats and threw it into the brasier; then another and another until Prince Filomarina seized his arm and exclaimed, "Well, Filomarina, you see my frittata costs more than your fine dinner." He made many frittata, added Sir James dryly, but rather sadly. From the Cornhill.

Irate Customer—See here! That student lamp you sold me a week ago is no good. It won't work. Dealer—Pardon, sir. I ought to have told you that you can't buy a week's time. The Washington Democrats would like to know on whom the smile of William J. Bryan will shine. It is admitted that Mr. Bryan's endorsement is absolutely necessary to give any Democrat's campaign for the presidency a fair start.

There are Democrats who believe that Champ Clark, the Democratic leader in the house, may be an out-and-out candidate for the presidency and that this will be more likely to happen if the next house shall be Democratic and Mr. Clark be honored with its speakership.

The Republicans realize that Gov. Harmon has a good deal of strength in Ohio, which is Taft's state. One Democrat said, "Harmon can carry Ohio." Another Democrat instantly answered, "Marshall can carry Indiana and Ohio too," and another Democrat, not to be outdone, said, "Champ Clark can carry Indiana, Ohio and Missouri, too."

Many Seek Speakership.

Who will be the next Speaker of the House of Representatives? Matters have moved along so rapidly in one direction that most of the close friends of Speaker Cannon in the House admit that the chances are before very long he will end up with a statement to the effect that he is not to be considered as a candidate for reelection, succeeded himself in the office having more power attached to that than any other except that of president of the United States.

The number of men who would like to be Speaker is limited only by the membership of the House. There are comparatively few members, however, who, length of service and by shown and known ability have the right without exciting either smile or criticism to announce their candidacy.

Representative J. Hampton Moore of Pennsylvania and six fellow members of the house committee of the District of Columbia are still hard at the task of trying to find out what it is that makes everything that a man wants to eat and to wear cost so much in these United States. Mr. Moore is a protectionist of protectionists and naturally he hopes it will be proved that the tariff does nothing to do with the present high prices. He seems to be full of confidence that such will be the case, but the Democratic members of the committee who are looking into the subject believe that when they get through they will have material which can be used to the advantage of the Democratic party in its contention that the high tariff makes high prices without a corresponding increase in salaries and wages.

President Deeply Interested.

There is a deep interest felt by President Taft in the investigation now in progress. The opening day of the inquiry in the committee room of the house of representatives was the same day that saw the beginning of the investigation into the activities of the meat packers in Chicago. The latter investigation is a grand jury affair, but it is possible that when all the returns are in that the evidence adduced in Chicago will be of service to the members of congress who are trying to get at the facts. By the time the sub-committee is ready to report the public will have pretty full knowledge of the testimony of the witnesses that have appeared before it, and the country probably will have made up its mind as to the facts in the case and will not be moved from a decision by the report which the committee turns in.

Some of the representatives in congress, Democrats as well as Republicans, think that the whole thing will resolve itself into a case of statements and counterstatements by the producers, the middle men and the packers and manufacturers. If the congressional committee can get the truth of the case the country probably will be glad of it, provided a remedy can be applied. There are those in Washington who say, however, that the whole investigation will be futile.

Democrats Eye White House.

Gov. Harmon and about Gov. Marshall of Indiana and Mayor Gaynor of New York, and last, but perhaps, or probably (as you like), not least, William Jennings Bryan of Nebraska. It is the seeming certainty of the Democrats that they are to carry the next house of representatives that makes them today so active in their gossip about the party's nominee for the presidency, and so Gov. Harmon's desire to be left out of consideration until after he has shown that he can carry Ohio again is not being heeded.

Teachers Hold Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Northeast Wisconsin Teachers' Association held at Oshkosh Friday and Saturday was admittedly the best the organization ever has had. The two general sessions were addressed by such eminent educators as Dr. E. A. Winship of Boston, president O. Stanley Hall of Clark University, Worcester, Mass.; Prof. F. A. Barbour of Ypsilanti Normal, Michigan; Prof. Edward C. Ellin, recently made director of the new school of education of the University of Wisconsin, and Mrs. Edith S. Davis, world superintendent of W. C. T. U. educational work. Many an equal note appeared before the sectional meetings, and excellent music was furnished at all sessions. The annual address of C. C. Parlin, president of the association, on "The Twentieth Century High School, Its Significance and Its Problems," was an able effort and aroused much comment and discussion. He said in part:

"There are more students enrolled in the Oshkosh high school to-day than there were 19 years ago in the combined high schools of Antigo, Appleton, Ashland, Fond du Lac, Fort Howard, Green Bay, Grand Rapids, Marinette, Merrill, Sheboygan and Wausau. The population of these

states has increased only 6% per cent., whereas the high school enrollment has increased 53% per cent., and high school graduation has increased 69% per cent. That is, the nineteenth century high school was for a few, the twentieth century high school is for the many. In the old high school the pupils were chiefly of three classes. First, a small number of boys definitely planning to take professions; second, a larger number of girls planning definitely to teach; and third, by far the largest class of all, a few boys and more girls who were not yet old enough or strong enough to go to work, or whose parents for some reason did not wish them as yet to begin labor, and who were not in the high school with a definite purpose of fitting themselves for a life work, but because in a general way the high school was a good place to be. Boys and girls did not definitely intend to enter industry were already in the shops and factories.

"The twentieth century high school has to be sure, all these three classes, but it has addition a very large number of boys and girls who are consciously fitting themselves to take places in the commercial and industrial life. Notice, for example, that while only 37 per cent. of the old high school were boys, 47 per cent. of the new are boys. The high school then has not merely increased in size; it has changed its scope; it has ceased to be an academy, aiming on the one hand to prepare for colleges and on the other to give a veneer of culture to the leisure classes, and has become known, and my riches shall become known, and my riches shall become known.

"Pardon me for interrupting you, Mr. Parkington," interjected Miss Muriel Muggins, who nonchalantly fanned herself the while.

"Very well, Miss Muggins," came in bitter tones from Tom, "very well! You have spurned me true! Indeed, you have spurned me twice! I sat, though despairs eats my heart, I shall not die! I mean to go into the busy world. I will fight! I will win! My name shall become known, and my riches shall become known."

"I am only thinking about something else," said the teacher, sheepishly.

"Well, don't let that happen in school again," said the teacher, sternly.—Sunday Magazine of the Cleveland Leader.

All in the Name.

Phyllis (up from the country)—But, Dick this is just like the last piece you brought me to see here.

Dick—My dear Phyllis, don't be absurd. This is "The Naughty Girl of Nic," and that other was "The Grass Widow." Surely you know that Nic and Grass are two entirely different places.—Punch.

Important to Mothers.

Examining carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the signature of *Dr. H. H. Hiltz*, in use for over 30 years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Before she is married to a man a woman always wants to think of him; afterward she wants to think for him.

One on the Judge.

"That's," said Senator Tillman of South Carolina, of an opponent's argument, "an amusing exaggeration."

Rather Tall.

"That's," said Senator Tillman of South Carolina, of an opponent's argument, "an amusing exaggeration."

Gold Medal Camp Furniture Manufacturing Company, Racine, increasing capital stock from \$60,000 to \$300,000.

Fraudulent Creamery Men.

A. L. Davis, who came to Madison and opened a "commission house" to deal in dairy products, and later left, after "many fraudulent practices," was guilty in the federal court to which he was committed to a maximum sentence of 16 months in the government prison at Leavenworth.

Mr. Davis had two pals, neither of whom was ever apprehended. He was indicted in February, 1908, but was not captured until August, when he was arrested in Philadelphia.

Live Bondsman for Banks.

The board of deposit was furnished some information by State Treasurer Dahl as to the number of "dead" bondsman for banks, that has been discovered.

Mr. Dahl reported to the board that out of 33 banks whose bonds are subject to renewal at this time, some of the signers in 16 cases are dead. In three cases two bondsmen are dead.

Mr. Dahl may ask the legislature to pass a law compelling banks to make an immediate report when one of its bondsmen dies.

HARD TO DROP BUT MANY DROP IT.

A young Calif. wife talks about coffee:

"It was hard to drop Mocha and Java and give Postum a trial, but my nerves were so shattered that I was nervous, weak and of course that means all kinds of ills."

"At first I thought bicycle riding caused it and I gave it up, but my condition remained unchanged. I did not want to acknowledge coffee caused the trouble for I was very fond of it. At that time a friend came to live with us, and I noticed that after he had been with us a week he would not drink his coffee any more. I asked him the reason. He replied, 'I have not had a headache since I left off drinking coffee, some months ago,' till last week, when I began again here at your table. I don't see how anyone can like coffee, anyway, after drinking Postum!"

"I said nothing, but at once ordered a package of Postum. That was five months ago, and we have drunk no coffee since, except on two occasions when we had company, and the result each time was that my husband could not sleep, but lay awake and tossed and talked half the night. We were convinced that coffee caused his suffering, so he returned to Postum, convinced that coffee was an enemy, instead of a friend, and he is troubled no more with insomnia."

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Feb. 16, 1910

Entered at the Post Office at Grand
Rapids, Wis., as second-class
mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year..... \$1.50

Six Months..... 75

Advertising Rates.—For display
matter a flat rate of 5 cents an inch
is charged. The column rates for
one column advertisement cost \$1.00
for one insertion. All local notices,
cards of thanks, resolutions of respect,
and all notes of entertainment
where an admission fee is charged
will be published at 5 cents per line.

VESPER

The home talent play "Among the
Breakers," posted for Vesper Feb.
18, is not the home talent play that
Vesper is going to give for the benefit
of the band boys but a play given by
parties from and around Pittsfield.
Vesper will give its home talent play
about the middle of March.

A pie social will be given by
the scholars of our school and their
teacher Monday evening, Feb. 21 in
honor of Gen. Washington's birthday.
A program will be given and after
the program a Fairbanks seal will
decide what the gentlemen shall pay
for the pies or the owners thereof.
Ladies are requested to bring pies.

A basket social will be given by
Vesper concert band Thursday evening,
Feb. 16. A program is being arranged
for the occasion. After the program
the basket will be sold to the highest
bidder.

A rural telephone meeting was
held at Vesper, Saturday, Feb. 12.
A company was organized with D.
McVicker of Vesper, A. Bean of
Hansen, O. J. Lee of Altford, Mr.
Morris of Sigel, Mr. Mercer, A. J.
Cowell and Mr. Swainberg of Arpin
as directors to go on with the work.

Wm. Pauper and family moved to
Marsfield on Tuesday.

O. Carlson returned last Wednesday
from an extended visit at North
Prairie.

Dire Doss left for New Jersey last
week.

Mrs. Wm. Schmidt of Watertown
visited Mrs. H. Stahl last week.

Harry Gado has purchased the opera
house of John Adams.

Fred Elston sold his hardware shop
to Mr. Moore of Neosho.

A Remarkable Case.

Thos. Reed, of Neillsville, Wis.,
says: Your White Wine of Tar Syrup
is the best medicine for the lungs that
has ever been sold in this country. I
speak from my own experience; I think
it has twice saved my life when suffer-
ing from a disease of the throat and
lungs. It is unique in composition. Mr.
Dowes, of asthma that had afflited
him for years. —F. L. Stein.

Studying the Cranberry Crop.

As a money crop, cranberries continue
to receive much attention in Wisconsin.
This fact is brought out by the energies
noted at last week's meeting of the Wisconsin state cran-
berry growers' association.

The most successful grower who
has practiced the new method of sand
and clean culture, Andrew Shaurs,
talked interestingly on his work. A
few years ago he decided he must
have a smaller acreage with a sure
yield. He began to weed and sand
with most gratifying results, getting
last fall 4000 barrels cranberries from
20 acres and with sand. The cost of
harvest was very small, one man
bringing in a hundred bushel
box in a single day.

The market conditions this winter
were outlined by A. U. Clancy of
New York City, manager of the National
Fruit exchange. He said that
an unusually warm November and
the coldest December on record hurt
the market; also the strike in the
northwest on the railroads cut off a
large outlet; 350,000 barrels were
marketed in November and the berries
are all being consumed. He believed
the consumption in the south has
tended, and that under normal
weather conditions a crop of a million
barrels could be marketed at a good
profit to growers. He considers the
future bright for the industry.—New
England Homestead.

LOW COLONIST RATES TO PACIFIC COAST.

DAILY FROM MARCH 1 TO APRIL 15
For daily and personally con-
ducted tours, via the Chicago, Union
Pacific & North Western Line.

Personally conducted California
tours in Pullman tourist sleeping cars
leave Chicago every Tuesday and
Thursday. Double berth Chicago to
the Coast \$7.50.

For full particulars write S. A.
Hutchison, Mar. Tours Dept.,
Clark St., Chicago, or apply to
ticket agents North Western Line.
—26. 22.

CURE YOUR KIDNEYS.

No Need to Take Any Further Risk.

—Why will people continue to suffer
the agonies of kidney complaint, back-
aches, urinary disorders, lameness,
headaches, languor, why allow them-
selves to become chronic invalids,
when a certain cure is offered them?
—Dr. E. C. Kettchum's Pill gives the remedy
to use, because it gives to the kidneys
the help they need to perform their
work.

If you have any, even one, of the
symptoms of kidney diseases, cure
yourself now, before diabetes, dropsy
or Bright's disease sets in. Can Grand
Rapids residents demand more con-
vincing proof than the following?

Doris Dorney, 442 Fremont St.,
West Allis, Wis., says: "I had
more or less trouble from my kidneys
for several years. These organs were
weak and the secretions passed too
frequently. At times I was in misery
on account of the terrible pains in my
kidneys. I tried many remedies but
was not helped until I began taking
Dr. E. C. Kettchum's Pill. They relieved
me promptly and in two months I was
cured."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50
cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo,
New York, sole agents for the United
States.

Remember the name—Doran's—and
take no other.

The swiftest of the smaller birds is
the Virginian vireo, which has ac-
complished measured flights of 7,500
yards in a minute.

NEKOOSA.

(From the Times.)

Jos. Lovelace has discovered a way
to make hens lay when all ordinary
inducements fail, and he ought to
advertise and charge for it, but
instead of that has given the jump
away at that when eggs are at a
top notch price. His chickens had
quit laying for him. He fed them
well on wheat, oats, and other grain,
placed clover and ground bone at
their disposal, but it was no use. As
a last effort he gave them a few
handfuls of cranberries and he
magically, the whole situation changed.
He now makes frequent trips to town
with eggs to sell.

Clara B. Johnson of Rudolph was
in town last evening attending to
business matters. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson
just returned from a trip to
Milwaukee where he looked over a land
proposition at the representation of a
number of people in his neighborhood.
Mr. Johnson does not think
much of Milwaukee as a place to live
and if the people he represented take
advantage they will not go there to
live.

A. R. Cowie, who has been
superintendent of the Nekoosa paper
mill for the past six years, has re-
signed and will leave about the first
of March for Watertown, N. Y.,
where he and Mrs. Cowie will visit
friends for a time. Mr. Cowie is
now considering several propositions
in the east and will, no doubt, be
actively engaged in paper manufacturing
again after a short rest.

Mrs. Henry Thomas passed away
at her home on Wood's Farm at nine
o'clock last Sunday morning, at the
age of six years, 1 month and 6 days,
the cause of death being influenza.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas and family
have been highly respected residents
of this locality for about ten years,
and during that time the deceased
made many warm friends who are
surely grieved because of her departure.

Mrs. Henry Wilharm was operated
on for appendicitis at the Grand
Rapids hospital last Thursday, Dr.
Hugh Waters of this city doing the
surgical work. Mrs. Wilharm is
nearly on the road to recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Kirk Muir came
down from the Rapids Sunday to
spend the day at the J. E. Brazeau
home.

The family of Mr. and Mrs. Frank
Biles was increased by the birth of a
son last week.

BIRON

Mrs. Francis Biron of Stevens
Point, a former resident of this place,
spent a few days last week with relatives
and friends in this burg.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Witte of your city
Sunday at this burg with relatives.

Harty Rivers Sunshyne at Kinnish
with his parents.

Walter and Jeffrey Akey were
Sunday guests of relatives at Rudolph.

Miss Edith Rao has resigned her
position as usher [at] the mill and
the vacancy has been filled by Miss
Anna Cahill of Port Edwards.

Mr. and Mrs. Jeff DeMars Sunday
at Rudolph with relatives.

A number of our people attended
the dance at Rudolph Tuesday night.

A. L. Akey was on the sick list
last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Carol Wick were
Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Tony
Haydock.

These people viz., Mr. and Mrs.
Paul Kozek, Mr. and Mrs. Steve
Peyowski, Messrs. Albert Tomczyk,
Joseph Pae, Henry Paulson, Edward
Klapka and Misses Bernice and Anna
Klapka, Mary Hilger and Helen
Kozek attended a surprise party at
the home of John Klapka in Sigel
Monday night. A most enjoyable
time is reported by all.

Mr. and Mrs. John Klapka and
Misses Lizzie Muszak and Lucy
Klapka and Chester Muszak of Sigel
spent Sunday evening in this burg at
the James Klapka home.

REMINGTON

Mrs. James Casey spent Wednesday
afternoon at the Knudson home.

Miss Cordelia Biedrich spent
Saturday at the W. H. Bowden home.

Mrs. John Jones spent a day last
week at the Jas. Casey home.

Mr. Andrew and sister, Mrs. Mad-
son, called on friends here Friday.

A surprise party was given at the
W. H. Bowden home in honor of
Miss Catherine Gross. The evening
was pleasantly spent in playing games
and making candy.

Mr. and Mrs. John Klapka and
Misses Lizzie Muszak and Lucy
Klapka and Chester Muszak of Sigel
spent Sunday evening in this burg at
the James Klapka home.

OLD KING COAL

Is a hot proposition when we haul from our coal yard. He's a
mighty fellow, too, when it comes to fires on cold and windy days.

BETTER BUY COAL NOW

while our supply is at its height. It won't get cheaper and
can't ever be better. It's much better to buy it in season than
to wait till you're down to the last shovelful. Your order will
have prompt attention.

Big Load of Pork.

John Wobenski of Plover was in
our store on Saturday with a load of
pork which he had brought over to
sell to the Reiland Packing company.

The load contained more than 3000
pounds for which he received 11 cents
a pound. The pork was all young
hogs of prime quality.

A Whole Family.

Rev. L. A. Dunlap, of Mount Ver-
non, Mo., says: "My children were
afflicted with a cough resulting from
measles, my wife with a cough that
had prevented her sleeping more or
less for five years, and your White
Wine of Tar Syrup has cured them all,"
F. L. Stein.

GREISBACH BROS.

Successors to F. J. Moore

General blacksmith-
ing and Repairing
of All Kinds.

Nothing but High Grade Work.

Give Us a Trial

REJOICE! REJOICE!

DR. WARNER'S
WHITE
WINE OF TAR

The best Remedy on Earth
for COUGHS and COLDS

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED

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Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Feb. 16, 1910

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50

Six Months.....75

Advertising Rates.—For display matter a flat rate of 10 cents an inch is charged. The columns for making a Tribune are 24 inches wide, making a one column advertisement cost \$2.40 for one insertion. All local notices, cards of thanks, resolutions of respect, and all notices of entertainments where an admission fee is charged will be published at 5 cents per line.

VESPER

The home talent play "Among the Breakers," posted for Vesper Feb. 18, is not the home talent play that Vesper is going to give for the benefit of the band boys but a play given by parties from and around Pittsville. Vesper will give its home talent play about the middle of March.

A pie socialie will be given by the scholars of our school and their teacher Monday evening, Feb. 21 in honor of Gen. Washington's birthday. A program will be given and after the program a Fairbanks scale will decide what the gentlemen shall pay for the pies or the owners thereof. Ladies are requested to bring pies.

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A rural telephone meeting was held at Vesper, Saturday, Feb. 12. A company was organized with D. McVicar of Vesper, A. Bean of Hansen, O. J. Lee of Aldorf, Mr. Moros of Sigel, Mr. Mercer, A. J. Cowell and Mr. Swanson of Arpin as directors to go on with the work.

Wm. Phape and family moved to Marshfield on Tuesday.

O. Charlton returned last Wednesday from an extended visit at North Prairie.

Dick Dass left for New Jersey last week.

Mrs. Wm. Schmidt of Watertown visited Mrs. H. Stahl last week.

Harry Cole has purchased the opera house of John Adams.

Frank Elston sold his barber shop to Mr. Moore of Nekoosa.

A Remarkable Case.

Thos. Reed, of Neillsville, Wis., says Your White Wine of Tar Syrup is the best medicine for the lungs that has ever been sold in this country. I speak from my own experience; I think it has twice saved my life when suffering from a disease of the throat and lungs. It cured my neighbor, Mr. Dowes, of asthma that had afflicted him for years. E. L. Stith.

Studying the Cranberry Crop.

As a money crop, cranberries continue to receive much attention in Wisconsin. This fact is brought out by the energies noted at last week's meeting of the Wisconsin state cranberry growers' association.

The most successful grower who has practiced the new method of sand and clean culture, Andrew Sears, talked interestingly on his work. A few years ago he decided he must have smaller acreage with a sure yield. He began to weed and sand with most gratifying results, getting last fall 1600 barrels cranberries from 20 acres, and that with scoop. The cost of harvest was very small, one man bringing in a hundred bushel boxes in a single day.

The market conditions this winter were outlined by A. U. Chancy of New York City, manager of the National Fruit Exchange. He said that an unusually warm November and the coldest December on record hurt the market; also the strike in the northwest on the railroads cut off a large outlet; 250,000 barrels were marketed in November and the berries are all being consumed. He believed the consumption in the south has trebled, and that under normal weather conditions a crop of a million barrels could be marketed at a good profit to growers. He considers the future bright for the industry.—New England Honestest.

LOW COLONIST RATES TO PACIFIC COAST.

Daily from March 1 to April 15.

For daily and personally conducted tours, via the Chicago, Union Pacific & North Western Line.

Personally conducted California tours in Pullman tourist sleeping cars leave Chicago every Tuesday and Thursday. Double berth Chicago to the Coast \$7.00.

For full particulars write S. A. Hutchison, Mr. Tours Dept., 313 Clark St., Chicago, or apply to ticket agents North Western Line. —St. 23.

CURE YOUR KIDNEYS.

Need to Take Any Further Risk. Why will people continue to suffer the agonies of kidney complaint, backache, urinary disorders, lameness, headaches, languor, why allow themselves to become chronic invalids, when a certain cure is offered them?

Dean's Kidney Pills is the remedy to use, because of kidneys to the kidneys the help they need to perform their work.

If you have any, even one, of the symptoms of kidney disease, cure yourself now before doctor's diagnosis, or Bright's disease sets in. Can Grand Rapids residents demand more convincing proof than this?

Denis Dorney, 442 Fremont St., Stevens Point, Wis., says: "I had more or less trouble from my kidneys for several years. These organs were weak and the secretions passed too frequently. At times I was in misery on account of the terrible pains in my kidneys. I tried many remedies but was helped until I began taking Dean's Kidney Pills. They relieved me promptly and in two months I was cured."

For sale by all dealers, Price 50¢ each. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Dean's—and take no other.

The swiftest of the smaller birds is the Virginia railpiper, which has accomplished measured flights of 7,000 yards in a minute.

NEKOOSA.

(From the Times.)
Jos. Lovelace has discovered a way to make hens lay when all ordinary inducements fail, and he ought to advertise and charge for it, but instead of that has given the scoop away at a time when eggs are at a top notch price. His chickens had quit laying for him. He fed them wheat, oats, and other grain, placed clover and ground bone at their disposal, but it was no use. As a last experiment he gave them a few handfuls of cranberries and like magic, the whole situation changed.

He now makes frequent trips to town with eggs to sell.

Clara R. Johnson of Rudolph was in town last evening attending to business matters. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson just returned from a trip to Florida where he looked over a land proposition as the representative of a number of people in his neighborhood. Mr. Johnson does not think much of Florida as a place to live and if the people he represented take his advice they will not go there to live.

A. R. Cowie, who has been superintendent of the Nekoosa paper mill for the past six years, has resigned and will leave about the first of March for Watertown, N. Y., where he and Mrs. Cowie will visit friends for a time. Mr. Cowie is now considering several propositions in the east and will, no doubt, be actively engaged in paper manufacturing again after a short rest.

Mrs. Henry Wilhors was operated on for appendicitis at the Grand Rapids hospital last Thursday. Dr. Hugh Waters of this city, doing a family who are quarantined with diphtheria here, the youngest child being afflicted.

B. Blakley drove to Babcock the first of the week.

Mrs. L. Graff was called to Mathier on Saturday morning, at the age of 38 years, 1 month and 6 days, the cause of death being influenza. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas and family have been highly respected residents of this locality for about ten years, and during that time the deceased made many warm friends who are sorely grieved because of her departure.

Mrs. Henry Wilhors was operated on for appendicitis at the Grand Rapids hospital last Thursday. Dr. Hugh Waters of this city, doing a family who are quarantined with diphtheria here, the youngest child being afflicted.

Mr. and Mrs. Kirk Muir came down from the Rapids Sunday to spend the day at the J. E. Brazeau home.

The family of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Beales was increased by the birth of a son last week.

BIRON

Mrs. Francis Birion of Stevens Point, a former resident of this place, spent a few days last week with relatives and friends in this burg.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Witte of your city Sundayed in this burg with relatives.

Harry Rivers Sundayed at Rudolph with his parents.

Walter and Jeffrey Akey were Sunday guests of relatives at Rudolph.

Miss Edith Rue has resigned her position as finisher at the mill and the vacany has been filled by Miss Anna Cahill of Port Edwards.

Mr. and Mrs. Jeff DeMars Sundayed guests of Mr. and Mrs. Tony Haydock.

These people yiz, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Kozuski, Mr. and Mrs. Steve Porevski, Messrs. Albert Tomczyk, Joseph Pno, Henry Paulson, Edward Klappa and Misses Bernice and Anna Klappa, Mary Hiltner and Helen Koczek attended a surprise party at the home of John Klappa in St. Paul Monday night. A most enjoyable time is reported by all.

Mr. and Mrs. Carol Rick were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Tony Haydock.

Paul Kozuski, Mr. and Mrs. Steve Porevski, Messrs. Albert Tomczyk, Joseph Pno, Henry Paulson, Edward Klappa and Misses Bernice and Anna Klappa, Mary Hiltner and Helen Koczek attended a surprise party at the home of John Klappa in St. Paul Monday night. A most enjoyable time is reported by all.

Mr. and Mrs. John Klappa and Misses Jazzie Masezski and Lucy Klappa and Chester Masezski of Sigel spent Sunday evening in this burg at the James Klappa home.

REMINGTON

Mrs. James Casey spent Wednesday afternoon at the Knudson home.

Miss Cordelia Bichards spent Saturday at the W. H. Bowden home.

Mrs. John Jones spent a day last week at the J. S. Casey home.

Mrs. Andrew and sister, Mrs. Madeline, called on friends here Friday.

A surprise party was given at the W. H. Bowden home in honor of Miss Catharine Gross. The evening was pleasantly spent in playing games and rolling candy.

There will be a big auction at the Edw. Moskowitz farm on Thursday, March 3rd.

A. H. Koch has purchased A. L. Chambers interest in the creamery and intends to operate a cheese factory in connection.

A Safeguard to Children.

"Our two children, of six and eight years, have been since infancy subject to colds and croup. About three years ago I started to give Foley's Honey and Tar, and it has never failed to prevent and cure these troubles. It is the only medicine I can get the children to take without a row." The above from C. Orinstein, Green Bay, who, during the experience of thousands of other users of Foley's Honey and Tar, cures coughs, colds and croup, and prevents bronchitis and pneumonia. F. L. Steib.

Rev. L. A. Dunlap, of Mount Vernon, says—"My children were afflicted with a cough resulting from measles, my wife with a cough that had prevented her sleeping more or less for five years, and your White Wine of Tar Syrup has cured them all."

DR. WARNER'S WHITE WINE OF TAR

The best Remedy on Earth for COUGHS and COLDS

Try it and be convinced.

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LOCAL ITEMS.

Bargains to be had in the watch line at Hirzy's.

Mrs. Lydia Draeger visited with friends in Marshfield over Sunday.

Jos. Cohen transacted business in Chicago several days this past week.

W. L. Bain was a business visitor in Green Bay on Thursday.

Miss Marjorie Griffin visited with Wausau friends over Sunday.

Chris Kellogg is in Puckwauk this week on business for the Kellogg Bros. Ltd. Co.

Mrs. W. M. Buckle departed on Saturday for a weeks' visit with her parents in Menasha.

Gus Helke of the town of Grand Rapids was among the Tribune callers on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Kellogg are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy at their home.

J. Q. Daniels of the town of Remington was among the callers at the Tribune office on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hildendorf of Juneau are visiting at the John Hildendorf home for a few weeks.

E. A. Cyphus of Marshfield was in the city between trains on Thursday looking after some business matters.

Up to date "Walk Over" and "Walk Over" shoes for men at bargain prices. The Muir Shoe Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. F. Krieger have a brand new baby girl at their home, the little stranger arriving on Saturday.

Mrs. Frank Dudley was confined to her home several days last week by sickness. She has since entirely recovered.

Mrs. Tessie Yetter of Grandon has been spending the past week in the city and vicinity visiting with friends and relatives.

Angus Bundelin departed on Thursday for Virginia, Minn., where he has accepted a position with the Wisconsin Dredge & Iron Co.

Don't take chances when J. W. Barker's Cough Remedy will cure you. Johnson & Hill Co.

A. J. Cowell of the town of Arpin and Merchant John Beaver of the town of Sherry were pleasant callers at our office on Thursday.

Better see what we have in mom's high top working shoes. The police are right. The Muir Shoe Co.

A. P. Quist, one of the solid farmers of Milwaukee, called at this office on Saturday to advance his subscription for another year.

D. McVean and P. Phagan of Vesper were business visitors in the city on Friday. This office acknowledges a very pleasant call.

Mrs. M. Proteau of Port Edwards was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office on Thursday, being in town to look after some business matters.

Frank Akey, one of the hustling young farmers of the town of Rudolph, arrived this office with a pleasant call while in the city on Saturday.

Read the special sale of Schumacher's in this paper. It will interest all women, on Thursday and Friday.

Harry Powell, the clever fielder of Coloma, who played ball with the home team several years ago, has signed with Bay City in the southern Michigan league for the coming season.

Chas. Daly, John Causing and Ed Hayes spent the day north of Hatshaws visiting the lumber camp of Mr. Alderson of Merrill. Mr. Daly having several teams engaged in hauling logs for Mr. Alderson.

Thirty foot frontage on First Street North, next to Bodet's shoe shop. A hurry up sale at \$1,000, worth \$1,500. The adjoining thirty foot sold this week for \$600. It is now held for \$1,200. This is the last of the low priced business lots on east side. Get busy. Ask the owner, Geo. N. Wood.

Notice the watch bargains in Hirzy's window.

It is reported that the Chinese have a method of drying eggs that requires to make it possible for them to compete with the egg producers of this country. We do not know anything about dried eggs, but if they are as bad in taste as some of those you get hold of that have not been dried, why then we will go along without eggs during the period that the dried season is on.

We notice that some of our contemporaries are constantly putting up a howl against the man who habitually borrows his neighbor's paper. Of course a chronic borrower is somewhat of a nuisance, but the only person he borrows is the fellow that he borrows from. We want everybody to read the Tribune that can, and if they have to borrow it from their neighbor in order to do so, that is better than not reading it at all. Of course it would be nice if everybody subscribed and paid a year in advance, but we can hardly expect this, and we would like any of the subscribers to the Tribune to hand their paper to a neighbor or friend when they get thru with it.

An attack of the grip is often followed by a persistent cough, which may prove a great annoyance. -Spectator's Coal Rectifier is least expensive used and will give good success for the relief and cure of this cough. Many cases have been cured after all other remedies had failed. Sold by all dealers.

Used the World over

No other article of human food has ever received such emphatic commendation for purity, usefulness and wholesomeness from the most eminent authorities.

Mrs. R. A. Dunavan, dressmaking, 339 8th St. North Tel. 56-41. -Special bargains in boys and youth school shoes at Muir's.

Arch Kirkland spent Sunday in Merrill visiting with relatives and friends.

The members of the City Club indulged in one of their six o'clock dinners last Wednesday evening and the outcome was a very pleasant evening.

A. E. Gurdy of Green Lake was in the city on Wednesday and Thursday visiting with friends. Mr. Gurdy formerly lived at Port Edwards but for several years past has been located at Green Lake.

G. L. Schiller, one of the solid farmers of Pittsville, was business visitor in the city on Friday. The office acknowledges a pleasant call.

Mrs. Clara Ponamiville visited with Merrill friends several days the past week.

-Notice, Notice the Kunkel brother auction sale in Hirzy's window.

Wm. Wallace, who is located in Missouri where he is engaged in doing some dredging, spent the past week in this city looking after some business matters. Mrs. Wallace is spending the winter in the southern part of the state with relatives.

Reports from the head of the post office department are to the effect that thirteen million pieces of mail matter went astray during the past year. Some of our citizens are willing to take oath that about twelve million of these were for Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, but went to Michigan.

Down in Oklahoma a girl advertised for a husband. The entire cost for advertising and wedding was \$11. One year later her husband died leaving \$10,000 insurance. And still there are some old fashioned people who will tell you that it does not pay to advertise.

Soth Borg, who had been in Riverview hospital several days, left for his home at Marshfield on Thursday. Mr. Borg was the bookkeeper who was hurt on the Northwestern while discharging his duties, mention of which was made in the Tribune last week.

Borg has taken another drop during the past week and the lower price is said to be due to heavy sales of phonograph records that have provided during the time that borg was so high. It is really a good thing that the people have something to fall back on when the price of butter becomes prohibitive as it did during the past winter.

P. H. Bean, who has been making his home in this city since holding the office of county treasurer, has decided to return to the farm during the coming summer, and with this end in view has commenced the hunting of stone for the foundation of a new brick house which he will build during the coming summer. Mr. Bean will live in the town of Hansen.

Postal cards, for a dozen at Hirzy's jewelry store.

We were very much surprised one day last week to receive a package of garden seeds from Congressman Morse. We have lived on this mundane sphere for quite a spell and this is the first package of any kind that we ever received from a congressman. We hadn't intended to vote for Morse the next time he ran for congress, but we have about changed our mind.

A fellow is looking out for his constituents in this manner is entitled to considerable consideration.

We can just imagine Mr. Morse down there at Washington making laws and digging deep water ways and raising the tariff, and hell in general, when all of a sudden he happens to remember that he had not sent us any seeds for our spring garden. So he jumps up from his talk with the president and says, "Say, Bill, just order up two more the same as the last, and I will be back in a few minutes. I nearly forgot to attend to an important matter that may mean a great deal to me later on." So he carefully does up the three little packages of seeds, two of parsnip and one of turnip, and writes his name on the corner and confidently trusts them to the mercuries of the mail (without postage) and in the course of time they arrive at their destination and several hearts are made happy. We are not much of a hand for parsnip and we can eat along fairly well without turnips, but when the gentle zephyrs of spring waft themselves over the piles of parsnips and turnips on the river bank, we will carefully plant those seeds and then when Mr. Morse makes his rounds next fall to fix things up in this section we will be glad to have him stop at the house and eat parsnip and turnips with us. As we remarked before, we are not very strong on parsnip and turnips, but if those republican prices continue we may be glad to get them.

An attack of the grip is often followed by a persistent cough, which may prove a great annoyance. -Spectator's Coal Rectifier is least expensive used and will give good success for the relief and cure of this cough. Many cases have been cured after all other remedies had failed. Sold by all dealers.

Is reflected in person who couple a careful, wholesome diet with the moderate use of an invigorating, healthful food beverage like

GRAND RAPIDS BEER

The ruddy good nature manifest in those who indulge in an occasional good glass of beer, like **Grand Rapids Beer**, is proverbial. They are good natured because they have gained strength, health and vigor from its use.

In striking contrast are the pessimistic coffee or tea drinkers and the optimistic beer drinker.

Try our beer. It is the acme of healthful liquid refreshments.

Grand Rapids Brewing Co. A Home Industry Phone 177

Grand Rapids Milling Co.

State of Illinois, SS.
Cook County, IL.

Personally came before me this 20th day of Sept., A. D., 1909, the above named R. H. Williams, Thomas W. Potts, to me known to be the persons who signed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged the same.

(Seal) Mary A. Stahl,
Notary Public, Cook county, Illinois.
My commission expires 11th day of Nov. 1912.

State of Illinois, SS.
Cook county, IL.

Personally came before me this 21st day of September A. D., 1909, the above named Frank M. Zimmerman, to me known to be the person who signed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged the same.

(Seal) S. Harvey Helm,
Notary Public, Cook county, Illinois.
My commission expires 28th day of March, 1910.

State of Wisconsin, SS.
Columbia county, WI.

Personally came before me this 22nd day of Sept., A. D., 1909, the above named James R. MacMillan and L. D. Freeland, to me known to be the persons who signed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged the same.

(Seal) F. W. Kuefer,
Notary Public, Columbia county, Wisconsin.

My commission expires 19th day of March, 1911.

State of Wisconsin, SS.
Department of State.

Received this 23rd day of Sept., A. D., 1909, 11 o'clock a.m. and recorded in Vol. 9 of R. R. Inc. & Res. on page 501 et seq.

A. T. Torgo,
Assistant Secy of State

Will Pay all Expenses.

Appleton, Wis., Feb. 7.—The Athletie Board of Control at Lawrence College has decided to not only pay the railroad fares of the visiting high school team attending the state high school basketball tournament to be held under the auspices of Lawrence on March 31, April 1 and 2, as has always been done, but this year the association is planning to pay all the expenses, including the hotel bills for the three days of the tournament.

If the number of letters of inquiry from the high school principals of the state are any criterion more interest is being taken in the coming tournament than ever before. During the past week not a mail has arrived but from one to a dozen letters about the tournament have been received by Mark S. Oatlin.

An effort is now being made to secure "Dowen" John H. Koehler, the former Lawrence coach, now physical director and athletic coach at the University of Denver, to referee for the tournaments. "Dowen" Koehler originated the idea of holding a state high school basket ball tournament and conducted the first two tournaments at Lawrence and put the movement on a sound footing,

County of Wisconsin, SS.

We are, each of us, being severely sworn, each upon his oath, that says that he was present when the foregoing Articles of Organization of the Chicago & Wisconsin Valley Railroad Company were executed by A. J. Bohmeyer, J. W. Purves, J. E. Jones, A. D. Barnes, P. J. Kinball, R. H. Williams, E. J. Baskerville, James R. MacMillan, Frank M. Zimmerman, Theo. W. Potts, L. D. Freeland, E. J. Baskerville, James R. MacMillan, Frank M. Zimmerman, Theo. W. Potts, the subscribers thereto, and he knows that said signatures and each of them as are subscribed, are the genuine signatures of the said subscribers, and that it is intended to give full faith to the instrument in said Article of Organization and acknowledge the same to be the best of my ability.

Sam Churchill.

For that Terrible Itching.

Eczema, letter and salt rheum keep their victims in perpetual torment. The application of Chan, violet's Salve will instantly allay this itching, in many cases have been cured by its use. For sale by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Announcement.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of city treasurer at the coming spring election, and if elected will discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

Sam Churchill.

Horse Coughs, Stuffy Colds,

pain in chest and sore lungs, are symptoms that quickly develop into a dangerous illness if the cold is not cured. Polys Honey and Tar stops the cough, heals and eases the congested parts, and brings quick relief.

John E. Daly and Johnson & Hill Co.

Announcement.

I desire to announce my candidacy for the office of City Treasurer at the coming municipal election, and take this method of so doing. Thanking one and all for any efforts they may put forth in my behalf, I am,

Yours respectfully,

Gustave R. Schuman.

The Terrible Itching, Burning, Disfigurement, Humiliation of ECZEMA

Burnished Or No Pay.

Cured After Eight Different Doctors Fail.

Hyde Park, Pa., May 23, 1907.

—Gentlemen—I had Eczema on my face for eleven years and tried eight different doctors, also used several remedies, but derived no benefit until I tried your treatment, and after using two sets I was cured of this most dreadful disease. You can use my name and refer anyone to me whom I have stated here. Respectfully yours,

Mrs. W. R. Turner

Sold by John E. Daly. Send for free illustrated booklet.

Our Cutlery has a great reputation in this neighborhood because while our prices are cheap, the goods are not.

D. M. Huntington,

Sole Agent

East Side - Grand Rapids, Wis.

GOOD HEALTH

Is reflected in person who couple a careful, wholesome diet with the moderate use of an invigorating, healthful food beverage like

GRAND RAPIDS BEER

The ruddy good nature manifest in those who indulge in an occasional good glass of beer, like **Grand Rapids Beer**, is proverbial. They are good natured because they have gained strength, health and vigor from its use.

In striking contrast are the pessimistic coffee or tea drinkers and the optimistic beer drinker.

Try our beer. It is the acme of healthful liquid refreshments.

Look for the brand on the sack—it's put there for YOUR protection.

Grand Rapids Milling Co.

Royal BAKING POWDER

Royal has always received the highest award when exhibited or tested in competition

"LISTEN!" — We have purchased the Stanbrook forty acres of land adjoining Joe Snyder's home in the continuation of Eighth street south, 1½ miles south of this city. Main roads, telephone, daily mail, good water, near school. Will sell in 10, 15 or 20 acre pieces on five year's time, or \$6 per month. Yours for a bargain. Geo. N. Wood.

While it is often impossible to prevent an accident, it is never impossible to be prepared—it is not beyond any one's purse. Invest 25 cents in a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment and you are prepared for sprains, bruises and like injuries. Sold by all dealers.

—Read the special sale of Schumacher's in this paper. It will interest all women, on Thursday and Friday.

—Our bargains are not all job lots. We are offering fresh, new and up to date goods at a big reduction. If you are a wearer of "Walk Over" or "LaFrance" shoes now is the time to buy. If you are not a wearer of our shoes here is a chance to try them. The Muir Shoe Co.

Feb. 16 Mar. 9
Order Limiting Time to Present Claims and Notice to Creditors.

State of Wisconsin, Wood County, in County Court.

In the matter of the

LOCAL ITEMS.

Bargains to be had in the watch line at Hirzy's.
Miss Lydia Draeger visited with friends in Marshfield over Sunday.
Joe Cohen transacted business in Chicago several days the past week.
W. L. Lain was a business visitor in Green Bay on Thursday.
Miss Marjorie Griffin visited with Wausau friends over Sunday.

Clas. Kellogg is in Packwaukee this week on business for the Kellogg Bros. Inc., Co.

Mrs. W. M. Ruckel departed on Saturday for a weeks visit with her parents in Menasha.

Gus Holke of the town of Grand Rapids was among the Tribune callers on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Kellogg are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy at their home.

J. Q. Daniels of the town of Remington was among the callers at the Tribune office on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hildendorf of Juneau are visiting at the John Hildendorf home for a few weeks.

E. A. Updike of Marshfield was in the city between trains on Thursday looking after some business matters.

—Up to date "Rudolph" and "Walk Over" shoes for men at bargain prices. The Muir Shoe Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Goo. F. Krieger have a brand new baby girl at their home, the little stranger arriving on Saturday.

Mrs. Frank Dudley was confined to her home several days last week by sickness. She has since entirely recovered.

Miss Tessie Yettor of Grandon has been spending the past week in this city and vicinity visiting with friends and relatives.

August Baudelin departed on Thursday for Virginia, Minn., where he has accepted a position with the Wisconsin Dredge & Iron Co.

—Don't take chances when H. W. Barker's Cough Remedy will cure you. Johnson & Hill Co.

A. J. Cowell of the town of Arpin and Merchant John Baever of the town of Shure were pleasant callers at this office on Thursday.

—Honor us what we have in men's high top working shoes. The prices are right. The Muir Shoe Co.

A. P. Quist, one of the solid farmers of Milwaukee, called at this office on Saturday to advance his subscription for another year.

D. McVean and P. Plangau of Vesper were business visitors in the city on Friday. This office acknowledges a very pleasant call.

Mrs. M. Proctor of Port Edwards was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office on Thursday, being in town to look after some business matters.

Frank Akuy, one of the hustling young farmers of the town of Randolph, visited this office with a pleasant call while in the city on Saturday.

—Read the special sale of Schmeidler's in this paper. It will interest all women, on Thursday and Friday.

Harry Powell, the clever fielder of Columbia, who played ball with the home team several years ago, has signed with Bay City in the southern Michigan league for the coming season.

Closs Daly, John Canning and Ed Hayes spent Tuesday north of Hurley visiting the lumber camp of Mr. Alderson of Merrill. Mr. Daly having several teams engaged in hauling logs for Mr. Alderson.

—Thirty foot frontage on First Street North, next to Budotco's shoe shop. A hurry up sale at \$1,000, worth \$1,500. The adjoining thirty foot sold this week for \$600. It is now held for \$1,200. This is the last of the low priced business lots on east side. Get busy. Ask the owner, Geo. N. Wood.

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Sold by all dealers.

—Mrs. R. A. Dunaway, dressmaker, 538 9th St. North. Tel. 76-46.
—Special bargains in boys and youth school shoes at Mai's.

Archie Kirkland spent Sunday in Merrill visiting with relatives and friends.

The members of the City Club indulged in one of their six o'clock dinners last Wednesday evening and the outcome was a very pleasant evening.

A. E. Gurdy of Green Lake was in the city on Wednesday and Thursday visiting with friends. Mr. Gurdy formerly lived at Port Edwards but for several years past has been located at Green Lake.

G. L. Schiller, one of the solid farmers of Pittsville, was a business visitor in the city on Friday. This office acknowledges a pleasant call.

Mrs. Chas. Ponainville visited with Merrill friends several days the past week.

—Notice. Notice the Knickerbocker auction sale in Hirzy's window.

Wm. Wallace, who is located in Missouri where he is engaged in doing some dredging, spent the past week in this city looking after some business matters. Mrs. Wallace is spending the winter in the southern part of the state with relatives.

Reports from the head of the post office department are to the effect that twenty million pieces of mail matter went astray during the past year. Some of our citizens are willing to take out that about twelve million of these were for Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, but went to Michigan.

Sixth. Each of the subscribers hereto has subscribed for and hereby subscribes to the amount of the capital stock of this company set opposite their respective names, as follows:

Names Amount of Stock Subscribed For.
L. D. Freeland, One (1) share
A. J. Behymer, One (1) share
J. W. Purves, One (1) share
J. E. Jones, One (1) share
A. D. Barnes, One (1) share
F. J. Kimball, One (1) share
R. H. Williams, Springfield, Ill.
L. D. Freeland, Portage, Wis.
E. J. Baskerville, Madison, Wis.
James R. MacMillan, Lodi, Wis.
Frank M. Zimmerman, Aurora, Ill.
Thomas W. Potts, Chicago, Ill.

Sixth. Each of the subscribers hereto has subscribed for and hereby subscribes to the amount of the capital stock of this company set opposite their respective names, as follows:

Names Amount of Stock Subscribed For.
L. D. Freeland, One (1) share
A. J. Behymer, One (1) share
J. W. Purves, One (1) share
J. E. Jones, One (1) share
A. D. Barnes, One (1) share
F. J. Kimball, One (1) share
E. J. Baskerville, One (1) share
James R. MacMillan, One (1) share
Frank M. Zimmerman, One (1) share
R. H. Williams, One (1) share
Thomas W. Potts, One (1) share

Seventh. The principal office of this corporation shall be established and maintained at the city of Madison, in the state of Wisconsin.

Eighth. The duration of this corporation shall be for the term of ninety-nine (99) years.

H. Bean, who has been making his home in this city since holding the office of county treasurer, has decided to return to the farm during the coming summer, and with this end in view has commenced the hauling of stone for the foundation of a new brick house which he will build during the coming summer.

Ninth. The duration of this corporation shall be for the term of ninety-nine (99) years.

A. J. Behymer, (Seal)
James R. MacMillan, (Seal)
J. W. Purves, (Seal)
J. E. Jones, (Seal)
Frank M. Zimmerman, (Seal)
A. D. Barnes, (Seal)
F. J. Kimball, (Seal)
R. H. Williams, (Seal)
E. J. Baskerville, (Seal)
Thomas W. Potts, (Seal)
L. D. Freeland, (Seal)

State of Wisconsin,)
County of Columbia,)
State of Wisconsin,)
Columbia County,)
Personally came before me this, 11th day of August, A. D. 1909, the above named A. J. Behymer, J. W. Purves, J. E. Jones, to me known to be the persons who signed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged the same.

(Seal) T. C. Hanley,
Notary Public, Wisconsin
My commission expires 27th day of Nov. A. D. 1910.

Personally came before me this, 11th day of August, A. D. 1909, the above named A. J. Behymer, J. W. Purves and J. E. Jones, to me known to be the persons who signed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged the same.

(Seal) T. C. Hanley,
Notary Public, Columbia County,
Wisconsin,)
My commission expires 27th day of Nov. 1910.

Personally came before me this, 11th day of August, A. D. 1909, the above named F. J. Kimball and E. J. Baskerville, to me known to be the persons who signed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged the same.

(Seal) T. C. Hanley,
Notary Public, Dane County,
Wisconsin,)
My commission expires 27th day of Nov. 1910.

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Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUM & SUTOR.

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

STEAMSHIP TIPPING.

As a ship nears land after a trip across the Atlantic inexperienced travelers are always in a ferment in regard to the proper tips to give their various stewards. Of course, one may give what one chooses, and, no matter how small, the amount will never be questioned by the recipient, though his looks may mean much. I may say, however, that it is customary to give the table steward about three dollars. Your bedroom steward should receive not less than two dollars, the steward that polishes your boots of a morning one dollar, and your bath steward two dollars. In the very large boats in which there are lifts that can be between the b's and A deck, saying you the climb of five flights of stairs, should your cabin happen on B deck, it is now customary to give a "porterage" to the boys who operate the cars. It is advisable, by the way, to engage a position for your deck chair and indicate the time at which you desire to take your morning tub at the time when you engage your passage.

Twelve or fifteen years ago the American automobile was hardly known, and those dreams of purchasing high-grade machines had to buy them abroad and import them. To-day the best autos in use are of American make, the capital invested in automobile manufacturing aggregated hundreds of millions of dollars and the business is increasing rapidly. The Wrights, like Zeppelin, have capitalized their success, and find any amount of American money ready for investment in their own and other schemes of aviation. A company in which the brothers are interested has a capital of \$1,000,000, and doubtless others of equal or larger amount will be started. There are still many problems to solve in connection with aerial navigation. But the business assuredly has become commercially possible.

With food products of all kinds extremely high in price, the people of Long Beach, L. I., may accuse themselves fortunate in experiencing a violation of whiting, also known as "frost fish," which were sent upon the beach recently in such numbers that the coast for two miles was a solid ridge of fish. Residents along the beach gathered as much as they could eat immediately and pack away for future use, and then hauled tons of the fish to their gardens and farms to enrich the soil. The whiting is one of the best food fishes of the winter season, and the surplus at Long Beach would have made many a lover of fish happy if it could have been shared without expense that would have made the distributor profitable.

China would be better off if the emperor could dispense his mind of the foolish notion that he represents God on earth, and is of too fine a substance bodily and otherwise to be more than looked at, if even that, by the common people, says Brooklyn Citizen. For, after reading from his own observation how little real difference, except in opportunity, there is between the common people and the uncommon exceptions, he might be convinced that his own position would be safer with a community that had something to do with its own ordering, and thus be willing to enlarge the liberties of the new provincial assemblies elected recently.

The handling at Vancouver, B. C., of a consignment of 116 barrels of eggs from China reveals the alertness of the Chinese for commercial opportunities. Eggs have ruled at high prices throughout the year, and if it is possible to get them from China without inordinate loss through decay in shipment, there may be a movement from the far east that will put out of business those who buy up the product so freely that eggs remain firm and high even at the season when the hens are the bustiest.

Football remedial legislation is talked of in several states. The fatality attending the game this season has shocked and alarmed college authorities and families of players. Either a way must be found to play the game with more security to life and limb or aroused public sentiment will demand its abolition. Established as it is in the national sports, it is hardly worth the sacrifice of human life for its continuance.

"The average Nicaraguan soldier shoots in the air," laughs a New Orleans writer. In a few years all nations will be doing that—if flying machine development continues.

A wanderer calling himself the king of tramps has arrived in this country. The American police are no respectors of kings.

If Zelias is a real man of affairs he will find some way to utilize the advantage he has been getting lately.

Recent weather conditions are said to have been "splendid for lumbermen." Nevertheless, a brief spell of good weather would be enjoyable and wholesome for the rest of us.

When an aeronaut has driven his airplane to a height of 1,600 feet up, he has gone about 1,500 feet farther up than necessarily ordinarily demands.

Now Honduras wants a revolution. Down in those little republics revolution is the national game.

A New York employee has asked that his salary be cut down. With this exception his friends had not noticed anything the matter with him.

Kernot Roosevelt has killed a sitatunga, but whether it is bigger than an elephant or smaller than a weasel the reader is left to conjecture.

A prominent New York poet is being sued for a grocery bill. What business has a poet eating and drinking, anyway?

100 MINERS KILLED

EXPLOSION IN MEXICAN SHAFT RESULTS FROM LIGHTED CIGARETTE.

NOT A MAN ESCAPED ALIVE

Seventy-four Are Dead at Primero Col.—Thirty-four Lost Their Lives at Drakesboro, Ky.—Cause of American Disasters Not Known.

Ban Antonio, Tex.—As a result of the carelessness of a Mexican in lighting a cigarette Wednesday 100 miners are dead in the Pachuca mine in Mexico, across from Eagle Pass in the state of Coahuila.

Sixty-eight bodies have already been taken from the shaft. The others are buried further in. There is no hope that any will be found alive. Not a single man in the mine escaped alive. One man was brought to the surface in a comatose condition and died shortly thereafter.

He told of the circumstances of the explosion. Smoking in the mine is prohibited. It occurs as if a new矿者, not understanding the danger, unlit tobacco and snatched into the shaft when he went to work and the elevator had been at work nearly an hour when he struck a match to light a cigarette.

Immediately the explosion followed, burying alive the 100 men in the mine at the time. frantic efforts were made by the mining superintendent to rescue the men but the shaft was so filled that it took hours of work to reach the chamber where the men were confined. The explosion must have been terrific as the entire interior of the mine was badly wrecked.

Primerio Col.—Only 74 men are dead as the result of the mysterious explosion in the Primerio mine. This is the final figure according to a careful check made in a house-to-house canvass launched by officials of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company.

Forty-nine bodies have been recovered from the mine. It is known that the mine was dangerous for the rescue party to work longer. Further work of rescue has been given up until the deadly blackness has been dissipated.

No one has been able as yet to ascertain the exact cause of the explosion. There is much suffering among the families of the miners who were killed and relief funds have been started in various parts of the state.

Drakesboro, Ky.—Thirty-four men lost their lives in a terrible explosion which occurred in an unused section of the Whetstone mine at Brownwood Tuesday night.

Thirty-two of the bodies, most of whom terribly mangled and blackened, have been brought to the surface and are being buried.

When the explosion occurred, the consciousness of which was a warning to those in other portions of the workings, there were nearly 100 men in the mine. The signal to hoist the men out with the exception of Kelly and the negro, are believed to complete the list of dead. Several of those injured are in a serious condition.

BRIBERY IS NOW CHARGED

Asserted That Western Indiana Had "Blush Fund" to Fix State and City Officials.

Chicago—Sensational charges that the \$86,000 which the Chicago & Western Indiana railroad is attempting to recover was a "slush fund" used for the bribing of state and city officials were Monday made following an announcement by State's Attorney Wayman that he will not ask indictments of the three men the road holds responsible for the loss of the money. Benjamin Thomas, former president of the road; John C. Petzer, real estate man, and Charles R. Kapoor, the road's former real estate agent, are accused in the bill which the road has filed in the circuit court of charging the road fictitious prices for real estate.

Would Feed All Parls.

Paris—Rodman Wanamaker of Philadelphia has offered, through American Ambassador Bacon, to pay for a loaf of bread for every French victim in Paris and vicinity daily for 30 days. American subscriptions received Wednesday include \$5,000 from Henry C. Fleck of Pittsburgh and \$1,000 from citizens of Baltimore. The total of American subscriptions now exceeds \$100,000, the largest sum contributed by any foreign country.

Mexican War Veteran Dies.

Freeport, Ill.—Thomas Webb, veteran of the Mexican war, died Wednesday aged 91. He participated in the battle of Buena Vista under Gen. Taylor. Mr. Webb's son, Dr. Arthur T. Webb, is dentist to the royal family of Italy.

Australians Coming on Junket.

Melbourne.—The Victorian cabinet has decided to dispatch within a few days a mission to the United States and England with the object of promoting immigration.

"Chicago Kid" Held as Suspect.

New York.—Harry Meyers, alias "The Chicago Kid," was arrested Tuesday as a suspect in the murder of Moses Gootman, the shirtwaist manufacturer, who was shot by a bullet early Sunday morning.

Edinburgh Bishop Dead.

Edinburgh.—Rt. Rev. John Dowden, Episcopal bishop of Edinburgh, died suddenly Monday. He was dining when stricken with apoplexy. Dr. Dowden, who was the leading scholar and author of the Episcopal church in Scotland, was born in 1840 at Cork.

Korean Rebels Kill Japs.

Tokyo.—Special dispatches from Seoul report a serious uprising in the next few days advocating measures for bringing about greater efficiency in the land and naval forces of the United States.

PARIS FLOOD GHOULS SHOT

SOLDIERS USE RIFLES ON ROBBERS OF DEAD.

Looters and Pestilence Confront French Authorities as the Waters Subside.

Paris.—With the recession of the waters of the Seine, Paris is beginning to feel the after effects of the flood. Monday the pavements on the corner of the Rue St. Lazare and the Rue Caumartin subsided several feet. A house collapsed on the Rue Lebonne shortly after it had been evacuated by the tenants. On the Rue des Entrepreneurs a huge gap was opened under the cellars of several houses and the whole of the ground floor of a house on the Impasse de l'Eglise is undermined. Several houses have been taken in the Quai d'Orsay.

Collapsing buildings and streets, however, are not the most serious problems confronting the authorities. Lawlessness and danger of pestilence have become the issues of the moment. Ghouls are taking advantage of chaotic conditions to plunder boldly both in Paris and the provinces. Reports tell of half a score of looters shot and killed by soldiers.

The feeling against the Apaches was demonstrated in various dramatic instances of pursuit in rowboats. Fighting between looters and pursuers were fought. Three Apaches were shot dead and two others hanged to lamp posts as a warning.

The authorities are devoting all efforts to preventing a general epidemic from the floods subside. A house to house canvass is being made and the people are warned not to re-occupy rooms which have been flooded until the quarters have been disinfected.

As the deposits of mud left by the waters are removed from the houses, mud will be plentiful and the floors and walls cleaned and whitewashed or painted.

BEF QUIZ MAKES PROGRESS

Rumored Indictments Against Four Packers Are About to Be Reported by Grand Jury.

Chicago—Progress in the beef investigation which is trying to determine whether or not the National Packing Company, owned by the Armour and Swifts, is a trust has developed to such a point that it is now believed that the inquiry will not drag on for months.

This is entitling the first trial to be conducted by government officials in half and is taken to mean that they are finding sufficient evidence of a conspiratorial nature to warrant the issuing of indictments.

It was previously rumored about the recent trial that in the battle of the big packing plant two weeks ago the government had been unable to prove that the hawks for the hawks had been given up until the deadlocked trial had been discontinued.

Twenty-two of the bodies, most of whom terribly mangled and blackened, have been brought to the surface and are being buried.

When the explosion occurred, the consciousness of which was a warning to those in other portions of the workings, there were nearly 100 men in the mine. The signal to hoist the men out with the exception of Kelly and the negro, are believed to complete the list of dead. Several of those injured are in a serious condition.

BIG EXPRESS MERGER IS ON

Reported That Southern Pacific Has Sold Its Holdings in Wells Fargo to American.

New York.—What is believed to be virtually a merger of two of the largest and wealthiest express companies in the United States was revealed when the secret got out that the Southern Pacific Railroad Company had sold its holdings of stock in the Wells Fargo Express Company.

The name of the purchaser could not be ascertained positively, but it is believed that he is the American Express Company, if that is correct the purchase means virtually a merger.

TURKEY PREPARES FOR WAR

Much Anxiety Felt Over Report Turkish Fleet Is to Proceed to Crete.

St. Petersburg.—Confirmation has been received in diplomatic circles of the report that a Turkish fleet will immediately proceed to Crete and that Turkish troops are concentrating in Thessaly.

Anxiety is growing hourly and the Russian press takes a pessimistic view of the situation, as it foresees that Bulgaria will profit by the conflict.

Hold 36,000,000 of Eggs.

New York.—There are 36,000,000 eggs in one cold storage warehouse in Jersey City, according to the information placed before the Hudson county (N. J.) grand jury in its investigation of the big packing and other concerns which maintain extensive warehouses on the other side of the Hudson river. The eggs have been there since last March. It was learned, together with 100,000 pounds of poultry stored since April last.

WELLMAN TO FLY OVER SEA

Sold to Be Arranging for Trip from New York to England in July.

Paris, France.—It is understood here that Walter Wellman, who sailed from New York for Europe Saturday, is arranging for a balloon flight across the Atlantic from New York to England.

This flight, it is said, will be made on May 17, 1909 with liabilities of \$1,500,000. Seven indictments were returned against each of the men, and were filed with Justice Goff in the criminal branch of the supreme court. The justice immediately issued bench warrants.

Brokers Are Indicted.

New York.—The grand jury indicted three men on charges of grand larceny in the first degree in connection with the failure of the stock exchange firm of Tracy & Co. of 40 Wall street.

The firm went to smash on May 17, 1909 with liabilities of \$1,500,000. Seven indictments were returned against each of the men, and were filed with Justice Goff in the criminal branch of the supreme court.

Brokers Hit by Panic.

Springfield, Ill.—The Staymeyer plurality primary bill was passed by the house by a vote of 100 to 23.

Orders III Artist Arrested.

New York.—The arrest of Homer Davenport, cartoonist, for failure to pay alimony at the rate of \$400 a month has been ordered by the supreme court. Mr. Davenport is said to be seriously ill now in California.

Pana Is in Darkness.

Pana, Ill.—The city of Pana is in darkness as a result of a strike of engineers, electricians and linemen.

The men ask for an increase in pay and the reinstatement of two men discharged.

Takes Reins in Virginia.

Richmond, Va.—Cloud A. Swanson was succeeded as governor of Virginia by William Hodges Mann of Notoway county Tuesday. The oath of office was administered in the presence of the two houses of the general assembly and state officials.

Judge Carpenter Is Installed.

Chicago.—George Albert Carpenter was Tuesday installed as United States district judge in the federal courtroom in the federal building, vacated at the death of Judge Bethea.

Night Riders in New Raid.

Traverse City, Mich.—Wesley Wetby, 35 years old, shot his wife, Carrie, Monday, and then fired two bullets in his own breast, dying instantly. Wetby and his wife had been separated for some time. He waited where he knew she would have to pass on her way to work.

Rich Lumberman Dies.

Saginaw, Mich.—Thomas Jackson,



Are These Two Nice Old Gentlemen Going to Allow Their Miserable Dogs to Get Them Into a Squabble?

REBELS VICTORS IN BATTLE

MADRIZ FORCES SUFFER SERIOUS DEFEAT AT ACOPA.

Gen. Chamorro Is Among Those Wounded—Estrella Plans an Attack on Managua.

Madrid, Spain.—Tuesday night saw a fierce battle between the forces of Gen. Estrella and the rebels of Gen. Chamorro.

The rebels were driven back with heavy losses, but Gen. Estrella was wounded.

Gen. Chamorro was wounded.

Gen. Chamorro has been wounded.

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUM & SUTOR.

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

STEAMSHIP TIPPING.

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He told of the circumstances of the explosion. Smoking in a mine is prohibited.

It is now known that the miners, not understanding the danger, smuggled tobacco and matches into the shaft when he went to work and the miners had been at work nearly an hour when he struck a match to light a cigarette.

Immediately the explosion followed, killing alive the 100 men in the mine at the time. frantic efforts were made by the mine superintendent to rescue the men but the shaft was filled that it took hours of work to reach the chamber where the men were confined. The explosion must have been terrific as the entire interior of the mine was badly wrecked.

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Forty-nine bodies have been recovered from the mine. It is known that more lay low in the workings but it was dangerous for the rescue party to work longer. Further work of rescue has been given up until the dead black damp has been dissipated.

No one has been able as yet to ascertain the exact cause of the explosion. There is much suffering among the families of the miners who were killed and relief funds have been started in various parts of the state.

Drakesboro, Ky.—Thirty-four men lost their lives in a terrible explosion which occurred in an unused section of the Wickliffe mine at Browder Tuesday night.

Thirty-two of the bodies, most of them terribly mangled and blackened, have been brought to the surface and are being buried.

When the explosion occurred,

the concussion of which was a warning to those in other sections of the workings, there were nearly 100 men in the mine.

The signal to hoist the stage was given and the frantic miners began pouring out.

It was some time before the work of rescue began, but when a party went down it was found that the dead and injured could be reached.

Doubt is expressed as to the real cause of the explosion. Some believe that a large quantity of blasting powder was set off, while others say it was gas or dust. The bodies brought out, with the exception of Kelly and the negroes, failed to complete the list of dead. Several of those injured are in a serious condition.

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Anxiety is growing hourly and the Turkish press takes a pessimistic view of the situation, as it foresees that Bulgaria will profit by the occupation of charging the road fictitious prices for real estate.

Would Feed All Paris.

Paris.—Rodman Wanamaker of Philadelphia has offered, through American Ambassador Bacon, to pay for a loaf of bread for every food victim in Paris and vicinity daily for 30 days. American subscriptions received Wednesday include \$5,000 from Henry C. Frick of Pittsburgh and \$1,000 from citizens of Baltimore. The total of American subscriptions now exceeds \$160,000, the largest sum contributed by any foreign country.

Mexican War Veteran Dies.

Freepoort, Ill.—Thomas Webb, veteran of the Mexican war, died Wednesday, aged 91. He participated in the battle of Buena Vista under Gen. Taylor. Mr. Webb's son, Dr. Arthur T. Webb, is dentist to the royal family of Italy.

Australians Coming on Junket.

Melbourne.—The Victorian cabinet has decided to dispatch within a few days a mission to the United States and England with the object of promoting immigration.

"Chicago Kid" Held as Suspect.

New York.—Harry Meyers, alias "The Chicago Kid," was arrested Tuesday as a suspect in the murder of Moses Gootman, the shirtwaist manufacturer, who was shot by a burglar early Sunday morning.

Fights Mad Mullah.

Rome.—A detachment of Italian troops has fought a battle with the army of the Mad Mullah in the interior of Benadir, in which 11 defenders were killed and many wounded on both sides.

Edinburgh Bishop Dead.

Edinburgh.—Rev. John Dowden, Episcopal bishop of Edinburgh, died suddenly Monday. He was dying when stricken with apoplexy. Dr. Dowden, who was the leading scholar and author of the Episcopal church in Scotland, was born in 1840 at Cork.

Korean Rebel Kill Japs.

Tokyo.—Special dispatches from Seoul report a serious uprising at South Phongan, Korea. Twenty Japanese settlers are said to have been murdered.

A prominent New York poet is being sued for a grocery bill. What business has a poet eating and drinking anyway?

PARIS FLOOD GHOUls SHOT

SOLDIERS USE RIFLES ON ROBBERS OF DEAD.

Looters and Pestilence Confront French Authorities as the Waters Subside.

Paris.—With the recession of the waters of the Seine, Paris is beginning to feel the after effects of the flood. Monday the pavement on the corner of the Rue St. Lazare and the Rue Caumartin subsided several feet.

A house collapsed on the Rue Leopold shortly after it had been evacuated by the tenants. On the Rue des Entrepreneurs a huge gap was opened under the cellars of several houses and the whole of the ground floor of a house on the Impasse de l'Eglise is under water. Several fountains have opened in the Quai d'Orsay.

Sixty-eight bodies have already been taken from the shaft. The others are buried further in. There is no hope that any will be found alive. Not a single man in the mine escaped alive. One man was brought to the surface in a conscious condition but died shortly thereafter.

He told of the circumstances of the explosion. Smoking in a mine is prohibited.

It is now known that the miners, not understanding the danger, smuggled tobacco and matches into the shaft when he went to work and the miners had been at work nearly an hour when he struck a match to light a cigarette.

The feeling against the Apaches was demonstrated in various dramatic instances of pursuit in rowboats. Battles between looters and pursuers were fought. Three Apaches were shot dead and two others hanged to lamp posts as a warning.

The authorities are devoting all efforts to preventing a general epidemic in the floods subside. A house to house canvass is being made and the people are warned not to reoccupy room which have been flooded until the quarters have been disinfected.

As the deposits of mud left by the waters are removed from the houses quicklime will be plentifully used and the floors and walls cleaned and whitewashed or painted.

BEEF QUIZ MAKES PROGRESS

Reported Indictments Against Four Packers Are About to Be Reported by Grand Jury.

Chicago.—Progress in the beef investigation which is trying to determine whether or not the National Packing Company, owned by the Armour and Swifts, is a trust has developed to such a point that it is now believed that the inquiry will not last longer than two weeks.

This is cutting the time first estimated by government officials in half and is taken to mean that they are finding sufficient evidence of a documentary nature to warrant the issuing of indictments.

It was persistently rumored about the federal building Monday that indictments against four of the big packing firms were about to be returned by the grand jury. District Attorney Sims refused to deny or affirm this report.

He said that he could not tell how soon something startling might develop but that the general air of confidence displayed by government officials indicated that they are not in the least discouraged by the results of the investigation.

BIG EXPRESS MERGER IS ON

Reported That Southern Pacific Has Sold Its Holdings in Wells-Fargo to American.

New York.—What is believed to be virtually a merger of two of the largest and wealthiest express companies in the United States was revealed when the secret got out that the Southern Pacific Railroad Company had sold its holdings of stock in the Wells-Fargo Express Company.

The name of the purchaser could not be ascertained positively, but in authoritative circles it was said to be the American Express Company. It is that correct the purchase means virtually a merger.

TURKEY PREPARES FOR WAR

Much Anxiety Felt Over Report Turkish Fleet Is to Proceed to Crete.

St. Petersburg.—Confirmation has been received in diplomatic circles of the report that a Turkish fleet will immediately proceed to Crete and that Turkish troops are concentrating in Thessaly.

Anxiety is growing hourly and the Turkish press takes a pessimistic view of the situation, as it foresees that Bulgaria will profit by the occupation of charging the road fictitious prices for real estate.

Hold 36,000,000 of Eggs.

New York.—There are 36,000,000 eggs in one cold storage warehouse in Jersey City, according to the information placed before the Hudson County (N. J.) grand jury in its investigation of the big packing and other concerns which maintain extensive warehouses on the other side of the Hudson river. The eggs have been there since last March. They were filed in the circuit court of charging the road fictitious prices for real estate.

Eleven Sicilians Are Found Guilty and Taken to Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kan.

Toledo, O.—Following conviction and sentence in the federal court, ten members of a Sicilian "Black Hand" organization were sentenced to the federal prison at Leavenworth, Kan., to serve sentences ranging from two to 16 years.

One other, Antonito Vicario, aged 20, the youngest member of the band, was taken to the reformatory at Elmira, N. Y. Three other defendants were convicted, but were granted new trials. Two indicted members of the band are hiding in Italy.

Brokers Are Indicted.

New York.—The grand jury indicted three men on charges of grand larceny in the first degree in connection with the failure of Tracy & Co. of 40 Wall street. The firm went to smash on May 17, 1909 with liabilities of \$1,600,000. Seven indictments were returned against each of the men, and were filed with Justice Goff in the criminal branch of the supreme court. The justice immediately issued bench warrants.

Pass Primary Bill.

Springfield, Ill.—The Staymates plurality primary bill was passed by the house by a vote of 100 to 33.

Do You Like Dogs?

New York.—"I like him. He's a fine man," was the comment of Senator Jeff Davis of Arkansas after he had made his initial call on President Taft at the White House Saturday. He had never met the president before.

Orders III Arts Arrested.

New York.—The arrest of Homer Davenport, cartoonist, for failure to pay alimony at the rate of \$400 a month has been ordered by the supreme court. The men are John Winslow and Rudolph Bruckmann.

Pana in Darkness.

Pana, Ill.—The city of Pana is in darkness as a result of a strike of engineers, electricians and linemen. The men ask for an increase in pay and the reinstatement of two men discharged.

Shoots Wife, Kills Self.

Traverse City, Mich.—Wesley Wethey, 35 years old, shot his wife Carrie, Monday, and then fired two bullets in his own breast, dying instantly. Wethey and his wife had been separated for some time. He waited where he knew she would have to pass on her way to work.

Rich Lumberman Dies.

Michigan.—George Albert Carpenter was Tuesday installed as United States district judge in the federal building at the death of Judge Bethea.

Eight Killed in Wreck.

London.—Eight persons were killed and about thirty were injured in a wreck Saturday on the London & Brighton railway when a train from Brighton, traveling at a speed of 40 miles an hour, crashed into Shoots Nest station.

Angry Man Breaks Bank Window.

Kansas City, Mo.—Because the New England National bank here refused to cash a small check which he presented, William Houghman, 25, Saturday walked out and threw a stone through the glass window of the First National bank.

Burglar Kills Manufacturer.

New York.—Moses Gootman, a wealthy manufacturer, was shot and killed by a burglar whom he had surprised looting his home in East One Hundred and Ninth street.

Pietro Outranks Hayes.

San Francisco.—Dorante Pietro of Italy won a decisive victory over John Hayes of New York in the manhattan race run at Recreation park Sunday in the slow time of 2:41:34.



SEE JOHN D.'S HAND

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

BY MARY ROBERTS RINEHART
ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS
COPYRIGHT 1909 BY BOBBS-MERRILL CO.

SYNOPSIS.

packed it the day before and put it on his shaving stand, and there could be no mistake. His name was on a small silver plate on the handle.

I seemed to see a network closing around my boy, innocent as I knew he was. The revolver—stranger of them, but anxiety gave me courage to look through the barrel—the revolver had still two bullets in it. I could only breathe a prayer of thankfulness that I had found the revolver before any sharp-eyed detective had come around.

I decided to keep what clues I had, the cuff link, the golf stick and the revolver, in a secure place until I could see some reason for displaying them. The cuff link had been dropped into a little fibreglass box on my toilet table. I opened the box and felt around for it. The box was empty—the cuff link had disappeared!

CHAPTER IV.—Continued.

"Especially what?"

"Especially since Jack Halsey and Arnold Armstrong were notoriously bad friends. It was Halsey who got Arnold into trouble last spring, something about the band. And then, too—"

"Go on," I said. "If there is any thing more, I ought to know."

"There's nothing more," he said evasively. "There's just one thing we may bank on, Miss Innes. Any court in the country will nebulit a man who tells an intruder in his house at night, 'If Halsey—'

"Why, you don't think Halsey did it?" I exclaimed. There was a queer feeling of physical nausea coming over me.

"No, no, not at all," he said with forced cheerfulness. "Come, Miss Innes, you're a ghost of yourself, and I am going to help you upstairs and call your maid. This has been too much for me."

About six o'clock Gertrude came in. She was fully dressed, and I sat up nervously.

"Poor Auntie!" she said. "What a shocking night you have had! She came over and sat down on the bed, and I saw she looked very tired and worn.

"Is there anything new?" I asked anxiously.

"Nothing. The car is gone, but Warmer—he is the chauffeur. Warner is at the lodge and knows nothing about it."

"Well," I said, "if I ever get my hands on Halsey I shall not let go until I have told him a few things. When we get this cleared up, I am going back to the city to be quiet. One more night like the last two will end me. The peace of the country—hullo!"

Whereupon I told Gertrude of the noises the night before, and the figures on the veranda in the east wing. As an afterthought I brought out the pearl cuff link.

"I have no doubt now," I said, "that it was Arnold Armstrong the night before last, too. He had a key, no doubt, but why he should steal into his father's house I cannot imagine. He could have come with my permission easily enough. Anyhow, whoever it was that night left this little souvenier."

Gertrude took one look at the cuff link and went as white as the pearls in it; she clutched at the foot of the bed and stood staring. As for me, I was quite as astonished as she was.

"Where did you find it?" she asked finally, with a desperate effort at calm. And while I told her she stood looking out of the window with a look I could not fathom on her face. It was a relief when Mrs. Watson tapped at the door and brought me some tea and toast. The cook was in bed, completely demoralized, she reported, and Liddy, brave with the daylight, was looking for footprints around the house. Mrs. Watson herself was a wreck; she was blue-white around the lips, and she had one hand tied up. She said she had fallen down stairs in her excitement. It was natural, of course, that the thing would shock her, having been the Armstrongs' housekeeper for several years and knowing Mr. Arnold well.

Gertrude had slipped out during my talk with Mrs. Watson, and I dressed and went downstairs. The billiard and card rooms were locked until the coroner and the detectives got there, and the men from the club had gone back for more conventional clothing.

I could hear Thomas in the pantry alternately waiting for Mr. Arnold, as he called him, and calling the skents that had preceded the murderer. His house seemed to choke me, and slipping a shawl around me, I went out on the drive. At the corner by the east wing I met Liddy. Her skirts were dragged with dew to her knees and her hair was still in crimpis.

"Go right in and change your clothes," I said sharply. "You're a sight, and at your age!"

She had a golf stick in her hand, and she said she had found it on the lawn. There was nothing unusual about it, but it occurred to me that a golf stick with a metal end might have been the object that had scratched the stairs near the cardroom. I took it from her, and sent her up for dry garments. Her daylight courage and self-importance, and her shuddering delight in the mystery, irritated me beyond words. After I left her I made a circuit of the building. Nothing seemed to be disturbed; the house looked as calm and peaceful in the morning sun as it had the day I had been coerced into taking it. There was nothing to show that inside had been mystery and violence and sudden death.

In one of the tulip beds back of the house an early blackbird was pecking viciously at something that glittered in the light. I picked my way gingerly over through the dew and stooped down; almost buried in the soft ground was a revolver! I scraped the earth off it with the tip of my shoe, and, picking it up, slipped it into my pocket. Not until I had got into my bedroom and double-locked the door did I venture to take it out and examine it. One look was all I needed. It was Halsey's revolver. I had un-

"No—yes." Didn't he have a guest with him? Another man?"

"He brought a friend with him to stay over Sunday, a Mr. Bailey."

"Mr. John Halsey, the cashier of the Traders' bank, I believe." And I knew that some one at the Greenwood club had told, "When did they leave?"

"Very early—I don't know at just what time."

Mr. Jamieson turned suddenly and looked at me.

"Please try to be more explicit," he said. "You say your nephew and Mr. Halsey were in the house last night, and yet you and your niece, with some women servants, found the body. Where was your nephew?"

I was entirely desparate by that time.

"I do not know," I cried, "but be sure of this: Halsey knows nothing of this thing, and no amount of circumstantial evidence can make an innocent man guilty."

"Sit down," he said, pushing forward a chair. "There are some things I have to tell you, and, in return, please tell me all you know. Believe me, things always come out."

"And—after that?" Mr. Jamieson went on, "you won't directly be bed?"

Gertrude hesitated. Then she came over and put her hand lovingly on mine.

"I am engaged to marry him," she said simply.

I had grown so accustomed to surprises that I could only gape again, and as for Gertrude, the hand that lay in mine was burning with fever.

"Sit down," he said, pushing forward a chair. "There are some things I have to tell you, and, in return, please tell me all you know. Believe me, things always come out."

"No," she said finally. "I—I am not nervous, and after I had extinguished the light, I remembered something I had left in the billiard room, and I felt my way back there through the darkness."

"Will you tell me what it was you had forgotten?"

"I cannot tell you," she said slowly. "I—I did not leave the billiard room at once."

"Why?" The detective's tone was imperative. "This is very important, Miss Innes."

"I was crying," Gertrude said in a low tone. "When the French clock in the drawing room struck three I got up and then—I heard a step on the east porch. Just outside the cardroom, some one with a key was working with the latch, and I thought, of course, of Halsey. When we took the house he entered that entrance, and he had carried a key for it ever since. The door opened and I was about to ask what he had forgotten, when there was a flush and a report. Some heavy body dropped, and half crazed with terror and shock, I ran through the drawing room and got upstairs—I scarcely remember how."

She dropped into a chair, and I thought Mr. Jamieson must have flinched, but he was not through.

"You certainly clear your brother and Mr. Halsey admirably," he said. "The testimony is invaluable, especially in view of the fact that your brother or Mr. Armstrong had, I believe, quarreled rather seriously some time ago."

"Nonsense," I broke in. "Things are bad enough, Mr. Jamieson, without inventing bad feeling where it doesn't exist. Gertrude, I don't think Halsey knew the—murdered man, did he?"

But Mr. Jamieson was sure of his ground.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



THE POWER BEHIND

"MILKED" BY NEW ENGLAND

Statistics Presented in the Senate Showed Systematic Robbery of the West.

During the discussion on textile schedules in the senate the New England senators made repeated attempts to refute the charge that eastern mill owners had been outrageously "protected" at the expense of the rest of the nation.

Generals ceased when Senator Gore of Oklahoma took the floor. This sightless representative of the nation's youngest state simply quoted facts and figures. But his array of both was so complete, so convincing that when he was through the eastern mill bosses' special pets of the Aldrich crew, stood pilloried in tariff leeches.

Gore proved by simple recitation of statistics that the textile mills of New England had paid enormous dividends year after year as a direct result of excessive "protection." He proved that this had been going on for about a generation, or since the nation went on a protective tariff basis.

If it is true, as reported, that Mr. Taft is getting tired of the way congress is acting it comes pretty near making it unanimous.

ONLY 70 PER CENT.

Seventy per cent of the through rate—that is what Secretary of War Dickinson is reported to have contracted to pay the Pacific Mail Steamship company "on freight transported in either direction between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts via the Panama."

The government owns and operates the steamship line on the Atlantic. It owns and operates the Panama railroad. And instead of completing the chain of transportation by establishing a line of its own on the Pacific, the government will pay 70 per cent of the through rate to a connection which is one of the tools whereby extortious continental freight charges are maintained.

What has converted Illinois Central Dickinson into such a rabid corporation bather? How did he resist the pressure to give the Pacific Mail 70 per cent? Write his name in rubles. —Los Angeles Express

The great mystery of American politics is hidden somewhere behind all these things. One of these days the public will find a short cut to the secret.

THE COST OF LIVING.

Two senators, Elkins of West Virginia, and Crawford of South Dakota, are to be numbered among the legislators affected with curiosity to learn the reason of the increased cost of living, of which they have heard. They too, have introduced resolutions providing for congressional investigation.

When a committee shall have been properly appointed to this end, it will do well to secure a copy of the solemn promises made by the Republican party in national convention assembled, to make the difference in the cost of production at home and abroad the measure of protection. Let that be marked "Exhibit A."

Then let it obtain a copy of the Exhibit B."

When "Exhibit C" shall be carefully planned in the light of "Exhibit A," some light will be thrown on the cause of the increase in the cost of living.

PLAN RETURN OF ROOSEVELT.

There is a growing belief that Hitchcock and Wickesham are advising the president to wipe out every vestige of the Roosevelt administration. That belief has been accompanied by a widespread and by no means inaudible demand for the "return of Roosevelt."

The passing of Pinchot marks the violent departure of the last of the men upon whom Roosevelt placed his chief reliance and who were the personalitites of his policies. If it be a fact that Pinchot planned to force the president's hand in no wise changes the political situation.

POWERFUL INFLUENCES.

The truth seems to be that Mr. Hitchcock had Mr. Roosevelt's own part in the business in mind when he wrote that letter of November 30, 1906, putting on record this statement of the "powerful influences" that had been exerted to weaken the hands of the law. We believe there is no other similar record of charge like this having been brought by a cabinet officer against any president of the United States.—Hartford Times.

ONE MR. THACKRAY.

The plaintiff in the libel case explained that she adopted the name of Walker because she liked it better than that of Thackray. It must be embarrassing, no doubt, to be in continued danger of the funny man's question, "How do you come to have such a name?" But one Mr. Thackray, whom Lord Moberne, when his mind was becoming weak, met one day in a railway carriage, met one day in a railway carriage, must have had even stranger reasons for wishing he had some other name. "Pray sir," asked Moberne, "are you the Mr. Thackray who invented brass locks?" "No," said the stranger. "Are you the Mr. Thackray who wrote 'Vanity Fair'?" "No." "Then what is the Mr. Thackray you are?"—London Chronicle.

I said quietly.

"Your theory is that Mr. Armstrong was followed here by some enemy and shot as he entered the house?"

"I don't think I have a theory," I said. "The thing that has puzzled me is why Mr. Armstrong should enter his father's house two nights in succession, staying in like a thief, when he needed only to ask entrance to the United States.—Hartford Times.

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In Accordance with Scripture.

A Boer had sold to a mission Kaffir the carcass of an ox that had died from lung sickness. The missionary remonstrated with him, and threatened to report him to the authorities. The Boer expressed his surprise at such language from a missionary, saying he had acted strictly according to Scriptural precept. The missionary said he would not say another word if the Boer could justify his act from the Bible. The Boer thereupon asked for a Bible and, referring to Deut 14:21, read as follows:

"Ye shall not eat of anything that dieth of itself; thou shalt give it to the stranger that is within thy gates, that he may eat it; or thou mayest sell it unto an alien."

I am only telling you what happened, not why it happened," she said evenly. "Halsey went for the car, and instead of bringing it to the house and rousing people, he went by the lower road from the stable. Mr. Bailey was to meet him at the foot of the lawn. Mr. Bailey left."

"What's the matter?" Mr. Jamieson asked sharply.

"Oh, a nephew. I should like to see him, if he is here."

"Life is not one but yourself and your niece?"

"My nephew," I had to moisten my lips.

"By the main entrance. He left—it was a quarter to three. I know exactly."

"The clock in the hall is stopped, Miss Innes," said Jamieson.

"It was here yesterday evening, I believe."

I was just beginning to breathe freely when Mr. Jamieson, who had been standing by the window, came over to me.

"My niece is here," I said.

"There is no one but yourself and your niece?"

"My nephew," I had to moisten my lips.

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I

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

BY MARY ROBERTS RINEHART
ILLUSTRATIONS BY ROY WALTERS

SYNOPSIS.

Miss Jameson, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. A man deserted her there during the night. Miss Jameson locked up for the night. She was startled by a dark figure, who was standing in the veranda. She ran through the house with unseemly noise. In the morning Miss Jameson found a strange link chain in a clothes strainer. Gertrude and Halsey arrived, accompanied by Arnold Armstrong, with Jack Bailey. The house was entered by a revolver. A strange man, armed with a revolver, came to death in the hall. It proved to be the body of Mr. Bailey. The strong, white-boned fakir seemed the strongest. Miss Jameson found Halsey's revolver on the lawn. He and Jack Bailey had disappeared.

CHAPTER IV.—Continued.

"Especially what?"

"Especially since Jack Bailey and Arnold Armstrong were notorious bad friends. It was Bailey who got Arnold into trouble last spring, something about the bank. And then, too!"

"Go on," I said. "If there is anything more, I ought to know."

"There's nothing more," he said evasively. "There's just one thing we may bank on, Miss Innes. Any court in the country will acquit a man who gets an intruder in his house at night. If Halsey—"

"Why, you don't think Halsey did it!" I exclaimed. There was a queer feeling of physical nausea coming over me.

"No, no, not at all," he said with forced cheerfulness. "Come, Miss Innes, you're a ghost of yourself, and I am going to help you upstairs and call your maid. This has been too much for you."

About six o'clock Gertrude came in. She was fully dressed, and I sat up nervously.

"Poor Aunty!" she said. "What a shocking night you have had!" She came over and sat down on the bed, and I saw she looked very tired and worn.

"Is there anything new?" I asked anxiously.

"Nothing. The car is gone, but Warner"—he is the chauffeur—"Warner is at the lodge and knows nothing about it."

"Well," I said, "if I ever get my hands on Halsey I know I shall not let go until I have told him a few things. When we get this cleared up, I am going back to the city to be quiet. One more night like the last two will end us. The peace of the country—"

Whereupon I told Gertrude of the noises the night before, and the figure on the veranda in the east wing. As an afterthought I brought out the pearl cuff-links.

"I have no doubt now," I said, "that it was Arnold Armstrong the night after last, too. He had a key, no doubt, but why he should steal into his father's house I cannot imagine. He could have come with my permission easily enough. Anyhow, whoever went, it was that night left this little soul-veneer."

Gertrude took one look at the cuff-links and went as white as the pearls in it; she clutched at the foot of the bed and stood staring. As for me, I was quite as astonished as she was.

"Where did—you—find it?" she asked finally, with a desperate effort at calm. And while I told her she stood looking out of the window with a look I could not fathom on her face. It was a relief when Mrs. Watson tapped at the door and brought me some tea and toast. The cook was in bed, completely demoralized, she reported, and Liddy, brave with the daylight, was looking for footprints around the house. Mrs. Watson herself was a wreck; she was blue-white around the lips, and she had one hand tied up. She said she had fallen downstairs in her excitement. It was natural, of course, that the thing would shock her, having been the Armstrongs' housekeeper for several years and knowing Mr. Arnold well.

Gertrude had slipped out during my talk with Mrs. Watson, and I dressed and went downstairs. The billiard and card room were locked until the coroner and the detectives got there, and the men from the club had gone back for their conventional clothing.

I could hear Thomas in the pantry alternately wailing for Mr. Arnold, as though he had, and, citing the fact that had precluded the murderer, the house seemed to choke me, and, slipping a shawl around me, I went out on the drive. At the corner by the east wing I met Liddy. Her skirts were dragged with dew to her knees and her hair was still in crimpers.

"Go right in, and change your clothes," I said sharply. "You're a sight, and at your age!"

She had a golf stick in her hand, and she said she had found it on the lawn. There was nothing unusual about it, but it occurred to me that a golf stick with a metal end might have been the object that had scratched the stairs near the cardroom. I took it from her, and sent her up for dry garments. Her daylight courage and self-importance, and her shuddering delight in the mystery, irritated me beyond words. After I left her I made a circuit of the building. Nothing seemed to be disturbed; the house looked as calm as possible in the morning sun as it had the day I had been coerced into taking it. There was nothing to show that inside had been mystery and violence and sudden death.

In one of the tulip beds back of the bushes a early blackbird was pecking viciously at something that glittered in the light. I picked my way gingerly over the dew and stooped down; almost buried in the soft ground was a revolver! I scraped the earth off it with the tip of my shoe, and picking it up, slipped it into my pocket. Not until I had got into my bedroom and double-locked the door did I venture to take it out and examine it. One look was all I needed. It was Halsey's revolver. I had un-

packed it the day before and put it on his shaving stand, and there could be no mistake. His name was on a small silver plate on the handle.

I seemed to see a network closing around my boy, innocent as I knew he was. The revolver—I am afraid of them, but anxiety gave me courage to look through the barrel—the revolver had still two bullets in it. I could only breathe a prayer of thankfulness that I had found the revolver before any sharp-eyed detective had come around. I decided to keep what clues I had, the cuff-link, the golf stick and the revolver, in a secure place until I could see some reason for displaying them. The cuff-link had been dropped into a little illegible box on my toilet table. I opened the box and felt around for it. The box was empty—the cuff-link had disappeared!

CHAPTER V.

Gertrude's Engagement.

At ten o'clock the Casanova had brought up three men. They introduced themselves as the coroner of the county and two detectives from the city. The coroner led the way at once to the locked wing, and with the aid of one of the detectives examined the rooms and the body. The other detective, after a short scrutiny of the dead man, basted himself with the outside of the house. It was only after they had got a fair idea of things as they were that they sent for me.

I received them in the living room, and I had made up my mind exactly what to tell. I had taken the house for the summer, I said, while the Armstrongs were in California. In spite of a rumor among the servants about strange noises—I cited Thomas—notch had occurred the first two nights.

"One Look Was All I Needed."

"Nothing. The car is gone, but Warner"—he is the chauffeur—"Warner is at the lodge and knows nothing about it."

"Well," I said, "if I ever get my hands on Halsey I know I shall not let go until I have told him a few things. When we get this cleared up, I am going back to the city to be quiet. One more night like the last two will end us. The peace of the country—"

Whereupon I told Gertrude of the noises the night before, and the figure on the veranda in the east wing. As an afterthought I brought out the pearl cuff-links.

"I have no doubt now," I said, "that it was Arnold Armstrong the night after last, too. He had a key, no doubt, but why he should steal into his father's house I cannot imagine. He could have come with my permission easily enough. Anyhow, whoever went, it was that night left this little soul-veneer."

Gertrude took one look at the cuff-links and went as white as the pearls in it; she clutched at the foot of the bed and stood staring. As for me, I was quite as astonished as she was.

"Where did—you—find it?" she asked finally, with a desperate effort at calm. And while I told her she stood looking out of the window with a look I could not fathom on her face. It was a relief when Mrs. Watson tapped at the door and brought me some tea and toast. The cook was in bed, completely demoralized, she reported, and Liddy, brave with the daylight, was looking for footprints around the house. Mrs. Watson herself was a wreck; she was blue-white around the lips, and she had one hand tied up. She said she had fallen downstairs in her excitement. It was natural, of course, that the thing would shock her, having been the Armstrongs' housekeeper for several years and knowing Mr. Arnold well.

Gertrude had slipped out during my talk with Mrs. Watson, and I dressed and went downstairs. The billiard and card room were locked until the coroner and the detectives got there, and the men from the club had gone back for their conventional clothing.

I could hear Thomas in the pantry alternately wailing for Mr. Arnold, as though he had, and, citing the fact that had precluded the murderer, the house seemed to choke me, and, slipping a shawl around me, I went out on the drive. At the corner by the east wing I met Liddy. Her skirts were dragged with dew to her knees and her hair was still in crimpers.

"Go right in, and change your clothes," I said sharply. "You're a sight, and at your age!"

She had a golf stick in her hand, and she said she had found it on the lawn. There was nothing unusual about it, but it occurred to me that a golf stick with a metal end might have been the object that had scratched the stairs near the cardroom. I took it from her, and sent her up for dry garments. Her daylight courage and self-importance, and her shuddering delight in the mystery, irritated me beyond words. After I left her I made a circuit of the building. Nothing seemed to be disturbed; the house looked as calm as possible in the morning sun as it had the day I had been coerced into taking it. There was nothing to show that inside had been mystery and violence and sudden death.

In one of the tulip beds back of the bushes a early blackbird was pecking viciously at something that glittered in the light. I picked my way gingerly over the dew and stooped down; almost buried in the soft ground was a revolver! I scraped the earth off it with the tip of my shoe, and picking it up, slipped it into my pocket. Not until I had got into my bedroom and double-locked the door did I venture to take it out and examine it. One look was all I needed. It was Halsey's revolver. I had un-

"No—yes."

" Didn't he have a guest with him? Another man?"

"He brought a friend with him to stay over Sunday, a Mr. Bailey."

"Mr. John Bailey, the cashier of the Traders' bank, I believe." And I knew that some one at the Greenwood club had told, "When did they leave?"

"Very early—I don't know at just what time."

Mr. Jamieson turned suddenly and looked at me.

"Please try to be more explicit!" he said. "You say your nephew and Mr. Bailey were in the house last night, and yet you and your niece, with some women servants, found the body. Where was your nephew?"

Gertrude hesitated. Then she came over and put her hand lovingly in mine.

"I am engaged to marry him," she said simply.

I had grown so accustomed to surprises that I could only gasp again, and as for Gertrude, the hand that lay in mine was burning with fever.

"And—after that?" Mr. Jamieson went on, "you went directly to bed?"

Gertrude hesitated.

"No," she said finally. "I—I am not nervous, and after I had extinguished the light, I remembered something I had left in the billiard room, and I felt my way back thence through the darkness."

"Will you tell me what it was you had forgotten?"

"I cannot tell you," she said slowly. "I—I did not leave the billiard room at once."

"Why?" The detective's tone was imperative.

"This is very important," Miss Innes said.

"I was crying," Gertrude said in a low tone. "When the French clock in the drawing room struck three I got up and then—I heard a step on the east porch, just outside the cardroom. Some one with a key was working with the latch, and I thought, of course, of Halsey. When we took the house he had called that his entrance, and he had carried a key for it ever since. The door opened and I was about to ask what was a flash and a report. Some heavy body dropped, and half crazed with terror and shock, I ran through the drawing room and got upstairs—I scarcely remember how."

She dropped into a chair, and I thought Mr. Jamieson must have fainted. But he was not through.

"You certainly clear your brother and Mr. Bailey admirably," he said. "The testimony is invaluable, especially in view of the fact that your brother and Mr. Armstrong had, I believe, quarreled rather seriously some time ago."

"Non-sense," I broke in. "Things are bad enough, Mr. Jamieson, without inventing bad feelings where it doesn't exist. Gertrude, I don't think Halsey knew the—the murdered man, did he?"

But Mr. Jamieson was sure of his ground.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



THE POWER BEHIND

"MILKED" BY NEW ENGLAND

Statistics Presented in the Senate Showed Systematic Robbery of the West.

What is the Hidden Influence That Enables Aldrichism to Secure Legislation So Inimical to the Public Good?

Nelson Wilmarth Aldrich's attitude in the discussion on textile schedules in the senate the New England senators made repeated attempts to refute the charge that eastern mill owners have been outrageously "protected" at the expense of the rest of the nation.

Generalities censed when Senator Gore of Oklahoma took the floor. This sightless representative of the nation's youngest state simply quoted facts and figures. But his array of both was so complete, so convincing that when he was through the eastern mill bosses special pets of the Aldrich group stood pillars as tariff leeches.

But the great political mystery of the United States is the unseen power that forces other senators and representatives to do Aldrich's bidding instead of the bidding of their constituents.

Gore proved by simple recitation of statistics that the textile mills of New England had paid enormous dividends year after year as a direct result of excessive "protection." He proved that this has been going on for about a generation, or since the nation went on a protective tariff basis.

What is behind Aldrichism?

This question must be answered to the satisfaction of western voters, if the Republican party expects to appeal with success for their support in the congressional election.

This is the great What-is-it of American politics. In the house of representatives and in the senate this hidden influence is continually exerted to secure legislation which is not approved by the great mass of American people. By virtue of some occult and imperceptible qualification it permeates even the White House.

Roosevelt, free trader of 1884, occupied the White House for seven years without the least endeavor to reduce the tariff. Taft, advocate of tariff reduction in his campaign for western votes, signed the Aldrich bill, which increased, and did not reduce the tariff burden.

The great mystery of American politics is hidden somewhere behind all these things. One of these days the public will find a short cut to the secret.

(The Cost of Living.

Two senators, Elkins of West Virginia, and Crawford of South Dakota, are to be numbered among the legislators affected with curiosity to learn the reason of the increased cost of living, of which they have heard. They have introduced resolutions providing for a congressional investigation.

When a committee shall have been properly appointed to this end, it will do well to secure a copy of the slogan promise made by the Republican party in national convention assembled, to make the difference in the cost of production at home and abroad the measure of protection. Let that be marked "Exhibit A."

Then let it obtain a copy of the Aldrich tariff bill and mark that "Exhibit B."

When "Exhibit B" shall be carefully studied in the light of "Exhibit A," some light will be thrown on the cause of the increase in the cost of living.

(Plan Return of Roosevelt.

Although the work of excavating the Roman amphitheater popularly known as King Arthur's Round Table at Caerleon, Monmouthshire, has only been in progress a few days, some very interesting discoveries have been made. The most striking undoubtedly is that of the two piers of the southern gateway through which the chariots passed, into the arena.

The gateway is nine feet six inches in width, and the walls are of characteristic Roman work, with massive stones still looking as if they would last for centuries. From the upper to the lower wall must have stretched beams of wood or connecting walls on which sloping lines of seats were built, there being room, it is estimated, for 11 tiers giving seating capacity for between 4,000 and 5,000 spectators.—London Evening Standard.

(One Mr. Thackeray.

The plaintiff in the theatrical libel case explained that she adopted the name of Walker because she liked it better than that of Thackeray. It must be embarrassing, no doubt, to be a similar record of a like charge thus having been brought by a cabinet officer against any president of the United States.—Hartford Times.

(Game is Hard to Beat.

The 20,000 Ohio families who have pledged themselves to abstain from eating meat must bear in mind that by boycotting beef they will help to make hides scarcer and dearer, and thus raise the price of shoes, according to the logic of shoe manufacturers. And if they cease to eat mutton will they not pay more for woolen goods in the end? The game of squeezing the consumer has many variations.

(Powerful Influences.

The truth seems to be that Mr. Hitchcock had Mr. Roosevelt's own part in the business in mind when he wrote that letter of November 30, 1906, putting on record this statement of the "powerful influences" that had been exerted to weaken the hands of the law. We believe there is no similar record of a like charge thus having been brought by a cabinet officer against any president of the United States.

(Should Not Waste Money.

Congressman Miller's bill to abolish the Indian warehouses, in the interests of economy, is only a beginning on what should be done by the government. There are many useless pension agencies throughout the country. There are useless land offices, useless navy yards and naval stations, and worse than useless revenue offices. All such at which the expense of maintenance is out of proportion to the business done should be abolished. It is absurd to spend millions that serve no purpose except to give jobs to a few political appointees.

(Interested? Certainly.

"Believing that you are interested in the enactment of a ship subsidy law," begins a communication received by the Courier-Journal from the press bureau of the Washington lobby. "We interrupt to insist that the Courier-Journal is opposed to those thieves and all other kinds of thieves. She thinks also that the leaders of labor organizations for women are dangerous."

(The New Neuritis.

"Neuritis is in—appendicitis is out. It is very old-fashioned to have appendicitis now, but if you get a dose of neuritis you are to be congratulated for your modernity."

ADDITIONAL LOCAL

Moonshiner's Daughter, Friday.
Mrs. John Daly is spending the week in Merrill.
John Sonnenberg, Alvin Marx and Emil Koenig spent Sunday at Wausau.
Rev. W. A. Newing was confined to his home on Tuesday with a heavy cold.

Geo. W. Meal transacted business in Detroit, Mich., several days this past week.

Misses Jennie Olds and Emma Marx spent a few days at Wausau.

Mrs. G. E. Bobs returned on Friday from a visit with her mother in Marshfield.

Will Damon of Madison has been visiting his friends in this city several days during the past week.

A. J. Hasbrouck spent several days in Chicago last week attending the automobile show at the Coliseum.

Geo. N. Wood, the bustling real estate man, sold the Glass, Steinbrock farm on Thursday to John Margeson.

C. E. Gates purchased two corner lots on Tenth and Oak streets the past week of W. Park of Los Angeles, Cal.

Ron the special sale of Schumacher's in this paper. It will interest all women, on Thursday and Friday.

Fred Schuhmacher departed on Tuesday for Minneapolis, to be gone several days on business for the F. Mackin-McG. Co.

Misses Mary Jones and Grace Grogan went to Wausau on Friday where they were guests at the Kieffer home over Saturday.

The Anderson Carriage Works have commenced to build a fine undertakers wagon of the latest design for Geo. W. Baker & Son.

Miss Clara Gilko expects to leave in a short time for the state of Washington where she will spend the summer visiting with relatives.

Mark Fenner, who is agent for the Reiland Packing company in the northern part of the state, arrived here on Saturday to visit his friends for a few days.

The children of Fred, and Mrs. C. W. Schwede are quite sick with whooping cough. Mr. Schwede is a temporary boarder at the Hotel Dixon during their illness.

Mrs. L. A. DuGuere visited with relatives in Winona on Wednesday, bringing back her children who have been staying at her parent's home during Mr. DuGuere's illness.

No puzzles, no prizes, simply the highest grade piano, Bush & Lane at the right price and terms at White Bros., Opera House Block.

J. M. Lessig, one of the pioneer settlers of the town of Rudolph, is seriously ill at his home and his relatives have grave fears for his recovery.

Mrs. James Gibson arrived home on Saturday from a three weeks visit with relatives in the southern part of the state. Mrs. Gibson visited several cities and reports a most enjoyable time.

During the latter part of this month I expect to close my law store in this city and remove to Stevens Point. All persons having business at my place of business will please call for same. The stock that I have on hand will be closed out at cost price. While here I will continue to do repairing.

The young people of the M. E. church met at the parsonage on Wednesday evening at the invitation of Pastor Newing and enjoyed a very pleasant evening. A membership contest was organized for the Epworth League and it is expected that there will be a marked increase in the number of new members added to that society.

Can it be that the youth of today is less sentimental than those of a quarter of a century ago, or is it that the moving picture shows and skating rinks and other amusements are gobbling up the nickels and dimes that were once used to be expended by the young people in expressing their affections. Can it be that chewing gum and caramels are more effective in winning the regard of the fair sex than poetry and pretty sayings surrounded by crinkled tissue paper and gold letters and red hearts. It begins to look suspiciously that way. During a talk with one of our business men recently who handles valentines, he stated that the sale on this class of goods was nothing to what it was a number of years ago, and that now it hardly paid to put in a stock of them. Why, the writer can remember, we won't say just how many years ago it was, when it was possible to express about any old feeling that a human being might be afflicted with for about a cent. You could get something with several hearts with an arrow stuck thru them and a piece of poetry that beamed with ruby lips and starry eyes, for the nominal sum of five cents, or you could get back at the old maid teacher with a horrible caricature in bright colors and some poetry at the bottom that would make a states prison graduate blush with shame, all for the insignificant sum of one cent. The latter style of nightmare seems to have passed out of existence entirely, and it is certainly a fact to be proud of. It is one of the evidences that civilization is advancing instead of going backward, as some of the pessimistic ones claim.

A Stung Party.
"What was going on at your place last night, square?" inquired Eli Spy. "The house was all lit up!"

"Oh, yeah!" returned the old codger grimly. "They were having a stung party, and it was an unqualified success."

"A stung party?"

"Yep! Lot of people came to spring a surprise party on me, and I failed to show up!" Puck.

A rubber hot water bottle is easily cleaned. Wash it well with lukewarm water and soap, rubbing on the soap with a piece of flannel.

If a teaspoonful of vinegar is added to the water in which fish is to be washed, a most delicious flavor will be imparted to it.

ARMENIA

Russell Dohsbury left on Monday for a two weeks' visit with his parents in Holland, Mich.

Your choice of 200 pieces of Bohemian glassware, \$2. Saturday at the Fair, west end of bridge.

Read the special sale of Schumacher's in this paper. It will interest all women, on Thursday and Friday.

Oscar Steen returned to his home in Westboro on Saturday after spending a week in the city visiting at the Jones Stein home.

Dr. J. J. Bellin, who has been located at Wausau the past two years, is moved to Green Bay where he will practice his profession.

Miss Sadie Dorney, stenographer in the law office of W. E. Wheaton, spent Sunday in Stevens Point visiting with her parents.

Mrs. Frank Broderick of Fond du Lac visited at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Weir, Sr., several days this week.

Mrs. H. Brooks of Green Lake is visiting her mother, Mrs. Helen Gilkey, and other relatives and friends in this city.

Ben Smart, manager of the Wood County Telephone Co., was confined to his home several days the past week with an attack of the grippe.

Chas. Jenkins departed on Thursday for Seattle, Wash., after a two weeks visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Jenkins. Mr. Jenkins is an engineer on the new extension of the St. Paul Ry.

J. R. Ragin returned on Thursday from Detroit, Mich., where he had been assisting the committee making arrangements for the National Undertakers convention which will be held there the coming summer.

A number of new members were initiated into the Equitable and Fraternal Union on Wednesday evening. The new members are Miss Marie Weir, John Golding, Louis Ulo, J. L. Johnson and M. Reinhardt.

Gall and son a full line of Bush & Lane pianos at White Bros., Opera House block.

Joseph Holly came up from Chicago on Saturday and spent Saturday and Sunday in this city, returning on Monday. Mr. Holly is taking a post graduate course in brewing in the city, and expects to be absent about four weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Ward Waterman of Sturgeon Bay are visiting at the Chas. Waterman home this week. Mr. Waterman operates a nursery near Sturgeon Bay and has just returned from Madison where he took a short course at the University.

Roy Anderson, son of H. F. Anderson, who is quite well known in this city, having worked for his father in the Anderson Carriage Works part of one summer, has been promoted to head draftsman for the Studebaker Carriage Works at South Bend, Ind.

Are you taking advantage of our reduced prices? Good assortment of all kinds of footwear and at prices that are in reach of everyone. The Matz Shoe Co.

Ron the special sale of Schumacher's in this paper. It will interest all women, on Thursday and Friday.

Glee Club Concert.

The University of Wisconsin Chas. Mandolin and Banjo club will give a concert on Tuesday evening, Feb. 22 at Daly's Opera House. Reserved seats 50c and 75c. Chart open Saturday, Feb. 19. The Milwaukee Free Press is speaking of the concert given in that city in December says: "They did, splendidly every minute of the time and they got a great deal of applause from an audience that knows what is what....Seventeen numbers on the program and they had to respond with Jeablers" to every one of them."

Humbird Roller Mills Sold.

A deal which had been hanging fire for the past few weeks was consummated Wednesday of this week when the mill property was sold by O. M. Hein to Marvin Jacobson of Grand Rapids. The consideration was nearly \$7,000. Mr. Hein takes in exchange as part payment a farm of 220 acres east of Neodesha. Mr. Jacobson is not a practical miller and for the present the mill will be under the supervision of W. F. Hein.

The mill has been in the Hein family since about 1872. Sixteen years ago Mr. Hein was taken into partnership with his father and four years ago he bought the entire interest and became the sole owner.—Humbird Enterprise.

Death of Chas. Ratelle.

Just as we go to press we are informed of the death of Chas. Ratelle of Loyal, who died this forenoon after an illness of several months. Deceased was a son of the late Tom Ratelle of Randolph and was born in that town about 40 years ago. He is survived by a wife and two children. Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Dudley and Nic Ratelle of Randolph left today to attend the funeral.

Had the Old Man Cornered.

"Do you think you can support me in the style to which I have been accustomed?" she asked.

"I don't know," he replied, "but I know this—I'll be able to support you in a better style than you will be accustomed to after this if you don't accept me. Your dad has sold short on wheat, and I've got it cornered."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Spang Party.

"What was going on at your place last night, square?" inquired Eli Spy.

"The house was all lit up!"

"Oh, yeah!" returned the old codger grimly. "They were having a stung party, and it was an unqualified success."

"A stung party?"

"Yep! Lot of people came to spring a surprise party on me, and I failed to show up!" Puck.

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PORT EDWARDS

Miss Julia Romke left here for her home in Elroy on Saturday where she will remain during the two weeks school vacation.

Quite a number of people from this section attended services held at the U. B. church Sunday evening.

Mrs. Wm. Spice left here for Endeavor Friday last for an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. F. Sweeney.

Misses Bertha and Addie Goodness, Lillian Lind and Edythe Slininger visited with Miss Hazel Spice Sunday last.

T. G. Ostrander left here for Plainfield where he will undergo an operation for enlargement of the jaw.

The spelling contest which was held at the Miner schoolhouse between the Armenia and Miner school children, was well attended. Miner taking the honor in spelling this time. But "neva mind" Miner will be over again sometime.

Misses Lillian Lind and Edythe Slininger visited at the Ed Fine home Tuesday evening last week.

Oliver Alnes and Gust Paars of Nekoosa were seen on our streets Sunday.

Miss Cad. Nelson and brother Walter were Nekoosa shoppers Saturday.

Mrs. E. Letton of your city spent Sunday at the H. Letton home.

E. Eichstaedt was a business caller in the Rapids last Thursday.

Dr. Aylward was in Nekoosa Thursday.

Miss Kate Smith and Mrs. Nellie Gates were Sunday visitors at the Casper Youngchild home in Nekoosa.

Mr. and Mrs. Bradus and children were visitors at the south side on Sunday.

O. W. Dodge is away on a business trip.

Ed Goodness drove to town Tuesday.

Miss Rose Goodness returned to Nekoosa Tuesday after visiting a few days at her home here.

Services were held at the U. P. church Sunday evening, Rev. Spitzer officiating.

Peter Engwall drove to town Saturday afternoon returning Sunday.

Oscar Engwall of Nekoosa visited at his home in this burg Sunday, returning Monday.

A spelling contest will be held at the schoolhouse in District No. 3 in Armenia, between the two Armenian schools in District No. 4 and District No. 3. Everybody is cordially invited to attend as the contest will probably cause great excitement.

Peter Vadenberg, who is employed in the Nekoosa paper mill, visited at his home in this burg Sunday.

The Ladies Aid society which was held at the home of Mrs. V. Lind was well attended. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Wm. McGrory the 23rd of this month.

We are having better weather at present.

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